

Time: 3 hours

Full Marks: 200

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

Candidates should attempt Q. No. 1 from Section – A and Q. No. 5 from Section – B which are compulsory and any **three** of the remaining questions, selecting at least **one** from each Section.

## SECTION - A

- 1. Answer any two of the following:  $20 \times 2 = 40$ 
  - (a) What is Reaction Principle ? Explain the fractional crystallization of basaltic magma.
  - (b) Explain, in brief, the optical properties of rock forming minerals.
- diagenesis in the formation of sedimentary rocks.

LB - 18/2

(Turn over)

- What are alkaline rocks? Describe the petrography and petrogenesis of Alkaline rocks and their occurrence in India.
- 3. Write explanatory notes on the following:

 $20 \times 2 = 40$ 

- (a) Garnet group of minerals
- (b) Sedimentary basins of India I ni sampil of I
- Discuss the importance of ACF and AKF phase diagrams and their importance in petrogenesis of rock units. Add a note on the chief agents of metamorphism.

## SECTION - B

Write notes on any two of the following :

 $20 \times 2 = 40$ 

- (a) Metallogenic epochs and Province
- (b) Marine mineral resources
- (c) Environmental impact of urabanization
- 6. Describe the magmatic concentration process of formation of mineral deposits with suitable examples.

- 7. Write notes on the following:  $20 \times 2 = 40$ 
  - (a) Residual weathering process with suitable examples
  - (b) Base metals of India
- 8. Answer any **two** of the following :  $20 \times 2 = 40$ 
  - (a) Geochemical Prospecting
  - (b) Landslides and their mitigation
  - (c) Structural control of deposits



- Write notes on the following:  $20 \times 2 = 40$
- (a) Residual weathering process with suitable

- Answer any two of the following: