

# Question Papers

ExamCode: RA\_SOCIAL\_162015

1. Which one of the following method of social work makes an individual to utilize his/her growth and improvement?  
1) Social Action  
2) Social Case Work  
3) Community Organisation  
4) Social Group Work
2. Which one of the following makes every individual member to know about in the process of group work?  
1) The values and principles  
2) The capabilities and the talents of members  
3) The individual personal problems  
4) The organisational values and systems of institutions
3. Social Group work as a method of social work aims at \_\_\_\_\_.  
1) Development of democratic life style  
2) Development of leadership qualities  
3) Development of capability of adjustment  
4) All the above
4. 'No compromise on law' is a characteristic of \_\_\_\_\_ leadership.  
1) Democratic  
2) Autocratic  
3) Bureaucratic  
4) Laissez Faire
5. Which of the following is NOT a model of group work?  
1) Remedial  
2) Developmental  
3) Functional  
4) Preventive
6. \_\_\_\_\_ is a graphic representation of the choices or the association of group members using symbols for people and their interaction.  
1) Histogram  
2) Sociogram  
3) Sonogram  
4) Genogram
7. Group Morale refers to \_\_\_\_\_.  
1) Co-operation in a group  
2) Co-ordination in a group  
3) Unity in a group  
4) Team spirit in a group
8. Which one of the following is the complex strategy for changing perceptions of emotional sets, which impede the group members abilities to change?  
1) Group Dynamics  
2) Cognitive Restructuring  
3) Empathy  
4) Psycho - drama
9. Which method of social work was developed based on the YMCA & YWCA source?  
1) Community organisation  
2) Social case work  
3) Social Group work  
4) Social Action
10. Which method of social work aims at developing the ability of establishing constructive relationship in individuals through group activities?  
1) Social case work  
2) Social welfare Administration  
3) Social Group work  
4) Social work Research
11. Who said that while she/he personally would prefer to use the term socialist state but it might become controversial?  
1) Indira Gandhi  
2) Jawaharlal Nehru  
3) M.K.Gandhi  
4) Rajiv Gandhi

12. **Who proposed that the approaches for empowerment are voice and exit mechanisms?**  
~~1) Robin Means and Randall Smith~~ 2) Robin Thompson & Randall Thompson  
3) Robin Hood & Randall Hood 4) Robin smith & Randall Means
13. **It presumes that the social workers should begin the professional connection without any bias.**  
1) Principle of self determination ~~2) Principle of Non - Judgemental Attitude~~  
3) Principle of Confidentiality 4) Principle of Communication
14. **In which year, the University Grants Commission appointed the First review committee for social work Education in India?**  
~~1) 1960~~ 2) 1975  
3) 1972 4) 1962
15. **Who argued that a code of ethics binds Social workers under a common professional identity and publicizes its ideals and intentions?**  
~~1) Jane Adams~~ 2) Eric Erikson  
~~3) Sarah Bank~~ 4) Albert Bandura
16. **Who founded Toynbee Hall for men who were not interested in training?**  
~~1) Barnetts~~ 2) Jane Adams  
3) Octavia Hill 4) Alice Salomon
17. **What was the significant event that happened in the year 1936 with regard to professional social work in India?**  
1) The practice of Sati was abolished ~~2) First Graduate school of social work was started~~  
3) Widow Remarriage got the social approval 4) M.K.Gandhiji became active in freedom struggle
18. **In which school was the first training of people for jobs with social agencies initiated?**  
1) Columbia University school of social work 2) Boston school of social work  
~~3) New York School of philanthropy~~ 4) Victorian school of philanthropy
19. **The servants of Indian society was established by Gopal Krishna Gokhale in the year:**  
~~1) 1905~~ 2) 1915  
3) 1925 4) 1935
20. **The functional approach is based on the:**  
1) Psycho-analytic theory of Freud ~~2) The personality theory of Otto Rank~~  
3) Rational emotive theory of Ellis 4) Function of the families
21. **Who wrote the first book on social case work i.e., Social diagnosis in the year 1917?**  
~~1) Mary Richmond~~ 2) H.H.Perlman  
3) Florence Hollis 4) Gordon Hamilton

22. Which one of the following is defined as the institutional group expectation as to behaviour, attitudes and other attributes for the occupant of a given position in a social system?
- 1) Clarification
  - 2) ~~Social role~~
  - 3) Role conflict
  - 4) Group behaviour
23. Social case worker helps the client for an adequate knowledge of available resources through the techniques of:
- 1) ~~Discussion, information, clarification & direction~~
  - 2) Interviewing, diagnosis and follow up
  - 3) Problem exploration, diagnosis & treatment
  - 4) Rapport building, interviewing diagnosis and treatment
24. Which are the two types of efforts required for social adjustment?
- 1) Environment changes & treatment
  - 2) ~~Environmental modification & change in behaviour and attitudes.~~
  - 3) Empathy and counselling
  - 4) Attitudinal change & behaviour modification
25. Identify from the following, which are the two fundamental techniques of social investigation?
- 1) Recording and counselling
  - 2) Treatment & follow up
  - 3) ~~Interview & observation~~
  - 4) Diagnosis and termination
26. Which refers to a condition when we are able to adjust with other persons in general and the group in particular to which we belong?
- 1) Behaviour response
  - 2) ~~Social adjustment~~
  - 3) Adjustment with the disadvantaged
  - 4) Personal satisfaction
27. Identify from the following, which statement is NOT the purpose of social case work?
- 1) Better solution of clients problem
  - 2) Exploitation of means for solving problem
  - 3) Development of personality
  - 4) ~~Giving economic services & help, and supporting the individuals through kinds and monetary needs~~
28. Who emphasized that one of the main objectives of social case work is to bring about an adjustment between the individual client and situation or environment?
- 1) Perlman & Ellis
  - 2) Watson & Ellis
  - 3) ~~Moffett & Hollis~~
  - 4) Hamilton & Hollis
29. Who opposed the psycho-social model of treatment and emphasized on ego psychology?
- 1) ~~Watson~~
  - 2) Lee
  - 3) Perlman
  - 4) Gordon Hamilton
30. Which one of the following is appropriate to a situation in which conventional development projects are not appropriate?
- 1) Litigation Strategy
  - 2) ~~Conscientisation strategy~~
  - 3) Negotiation Strategy
  - 4) None of the above

31. Which of the following levels of consciousness do people believe that it is due to lack of facilities that they are exploited?
- 1) Magic level of consciousness  
 2) Naive level of consciousness  
 3) Critical level of consciousness  
 4) Collective level of consciousness
32. Who has described competition as 'Peaceful conflict'?
- 1) Herbert Spencer  
 2) Max Weber  
 3) Coser  
 4) Frazer
33. Which one of the following method enables people to analyse their own situations and understand their own alienation?
- 1) Community development  
 2) Community organisation  
 3) Conscientization  
 4) Awareness creation
34. Who believed that change comes from power and power comes from organisation?
- 1) Paulo Freire  
 2) M.K.Gandhi  
 3) Saul Alinsky  
 4) None of the above
35. Who emphasized that community organisation is a process which necessitates the external stimuli?
- 1) Arthur Dunham  
 2) M.G.Ross  
 3) K.D.Gangrade  
 4) K.C.David
36. Which method of social work can be practiced in any situation irrespective of its co-operative or conflictual nature?
- 1) Social case work  
 2) Social group work  
 3) Community organisation  
 4) Social work research
37. Which one of the following is related to community chest?
- 1) Community participation  
 2) Community problems  
 3) Community awareness  
 4) Community resources
38. The term which concerns opinions about knowledge is:
- 1) Abduction  
 2) Epistemology  
 3) Etiology  
 4) Ethnography

39. Match the following

a) Ex Post facto	1. Cross sectional analysis
b) Plagiarism	2. Investigating new area in the profession/field
c) Case Study	3. Experimental design
d) Explorative	4. Copying from other research

  

	a	b	c	d
A.	4	3	2	1
B.	1	2	3	4
C.	3	4	1	2
D.	2	1	3	4

40. \_\_\_\_\_ are small circles that are placed next to response options of a closed ended question.

- 1) Check Boxes  
 2) Symbols  
 3) Radio buttons  
 4) Alphabets

41. It is used to show a time sequence decision sequence or conceptual relationships.

- 1) Bar chart/graph
- 2) Pie chart
- 3) Pictogram
- 4) Flow chart

42. The designation of the rows or row headings are termed as:

- 1) Stub
- 2) Caption
- 3) Head note
- 4) Body

43. \_\_\_\_\_ are the lowest and the highest values that can be included in the class.

- 1) Class limits
- 2) Class interval
- 3) Class frequency
- 4) Class mid point

44. The method of selecting every  $k^{\text{th}}$  item from the list is known as:

- 1) Simple random sampling
- 2) Stratified random sampling
- 3) Systematic sampling
- 4) Cluster sampling

45. \_\_\_\_\_ is the factual information used as a basis for reasoning, discussion or calculation.

- 1) Hypothesis
- 2) Data
- 3) Variables
- 4) Concepts

46. \_\_\_\_\_ method consists of a study of events, processes and institutions of the past civilizations for the purpose of finding the origins.

- 1) Experimental type / Method
- 2) Inverse deductive type / Method
- 3) Ideal type / Method
- 4) Historical type / Method

47. Match the following

a) Hypothesis	1. Primary tool of data collection
b) Test-Re-test	2. Sampling method
c) Snow ball	3. A tentative statement
d) Observation	4. Reliability method

	a	b	c	d
A	3	4	2	1
B	4	3	1	2
C	1	2	4	3
D	2	3	1	4

48. The type II error is denoted as \_\_\_\_\_ when the researcher is testing the hypothesis.

- 1) Alpha
- 2) Gamma
- 3) Beta
- 4) Central tendency

49. Defining a problem as perceived by the researcher is called as:

- 1) Operationalization
- 2) Conceptualization
- 3) Normalization
- 4) Sanskritisation

50. 'Fact is an empirically verifiable observation'. Who said this statement?

- 1) Pauline V. Young
- 2) C.R. Kothari
- 3) Goode and Hatt
- 4) Merton

51. \_\_\_\_\_ justifies the logic, structure and the principles of the research methodology and methods.
- ~~1) Research design~~ 2) Review of literature
  - 3) Scaling 4) Sampling
52. Pure research is designed:
- 1) With reference to practical result/implications ~~2) Without reference to practical result/implications~~
  - 3) To make policy decision 4) To improve the existing system.
53. The accuracy of arithmetic mean in a frequency distribution by short cut or step deviation method can be checked by:
- ~~1) Charlier's accuracy check~~ 2) Spearson's accuracy check
  - 3) Fischer's accuracy check 4) Yate's accuracy check
54. The square-root of the average of square of deviations is called as:
- 1) Average deviation 2) Mean Square deviation
  - 3) Mean average deviation ~~4) Standard deviation~~
55. A type of measurement validity for multiple indicators based on the idea that indicator of different constructs diverge:
- 1) Convergent validity ~~2) Discriminant validity~~
  - 3) Mean validity 4) Concurrent validity
56. Measurement validity requires that a measure represents all the aspects of the conceptual definition of a construct:
- 1) Face validity ~~2) Content validity~~
  - 3) Criterion validity 4) Concurrent validity
57. Validity of a rating scale refers to its \_\_\_\_\_.
- 1) Level of acceptance by the respondents 2) Ability to measure a variable without personal bias
  - ~~3) Ability to measure what it is supposed to measure~~ 4) Consistency in measurement of a variable on repeated administration
58. Correlation is a statistical method used for determining:
- 1) The degree of association between variables only 2) The extent of causal relationship between variables
  - ~~3) The degree and direction of association between variables~~ 4) The direction of association between variables only
59. In research report writing, the abbreviation et.al., is used to denote:
- 1) Many others 2) More than one authors
  - ~~3) And others~~ 4) Less than 5 authors

60.	In discrete series arithmetic mean may be computed by applying direct method using:
<del>A.</del>	$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum fx}{N}$
B	$\bar{x} = A - \frac{\sum fd}{N}$
C.	$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum fm}{N}$
D	$\bar{x} = A + \frac{\sum fd}{N} \times i$

61. Which one of the following is the sub type of construct validity?

- 1) Concurrent validity
- 2) Predictive validity
- 3) Face validity
- ~~4) Discriminant validity~~

62. Which of the following statement is correct?

- 1) Reliability ensures validity
- 2) Validity ensures reliability
- 3) Reliability does not depend on objectivity
- ~~4) Reliability and validity are independent of each other~~

63. Whose ideas suggest that "Deviance from social norms may be risky in part because it causes discomfort and distress in others"?

- ~~1) Scherf~~
- 2) Thomas szasz
- 3) Torrey
- 4) Bloch

64. The Social order is maintained largely by:

- 1) Law
- 2) Division of Labour
- 3) State
- ~~4) Socialisation~~

65. According to Gisbert \_\_\_\_\_ is the division of society into permanent groups or categories linked with each other by the relationship of superiorities & subordination.

- 1) Culture
- ~~2) Social Stratification~~
- 3) Values
- 4) Society

66. Merton has proposed his theory of role-set in his book titled as \_\_\_\_\_.

- 1) Sociological theories
- 2) New trends in sociology
- 3) Challenges before sociology
- ~~4) Social Theory and social structure~~

67. Who among the following has given the structural view of society?

- 1) Durkheim
- ~~2) Giddings~~
- 3) Mac Iver
- 4) Cooley

68. Park and Burgers distinguished the groups into:

- 1) Crowds and abstract collectivities
- ~~2) Territorial & non-territorial groups~~
- 3) Temporary & permanent
- 4) Primary and secondary

69. The book 'The folk culture of Yucatan' is written by:

- 1) Oscar Lewis
- 2) R.E. Park
- 3) Geddes
- ~~4) Red field~~

70. **The 'Group Mind' was the basis of society. Who initiated this idea?**  
 1) Plato  
~~2) Mc Dougall~~  
 3) Mac Iver  
 4) Hegal
71. **Planning aims at:**  
~~1) Goal oriented~~  
 2) Directing staff  
 3) Evaluation of work  
 4) Forecasting the future
72. **Highlights of scientific management includes:**  
~~1) Willingness to use correct methods and skills~~  
 2) Having common interest  
 3) To increase productivity  
 4) Having higher level of motivation
73. **Association of voluntary agencies for development provides:**  
 1) Co-ordination between agencies  
 2) Technical support to training programmes  
~~3) Providing consultancy services in project formulation~~  
 4) Carrying out programme on awareness building
74. **Specify the reason for the constitution of social welfare Advisory Boards:**  
~~1) To have suitable supporting organisation and network at the field level~~  
 2) To sponsor welfare programmes for youth  
 3) To extend training programme for disabled  
 4) To co-ordinate the work of voluntary organisations
75. **Which organisation would act as the agency of Government of India responsible for the preparation and co-ordination of the national plan?**  
 1) Directorate of social welfare  
 2) Ministry of Human Resource Development  
~~3) Planning Commission~~  
 4) National co-ordination Committee
76. **In which year, did the General Assembly proclaim the International year of the child?**  
 1) 1976  
~~2) 1979~~  
 3) 1982  
 4) 1985
77. **Who is the Chief Executive of CSWB?**  
 1) Executive director  
~~2) Chairman~~  
 3) President  
 4) Secretary
78. **Strategic planning involves:**  
~~1) Major goals~~  
 2) Available resources  
 3) Co-ordination of departments  
 4) Time management
79. **Which is essential to build human organisation?**  
 1) Supervision  
~~2) Staffing~~  
 3) Co-ordination  
 4) Planning
80. **'Directing' implies in management:**  
 1) To build image of organisation  
 2) To synchronise the efforts  
~~3) Necessary guidelines and instructions~~  
 4) Suitability of personnel
81. **In management scientific engineering approach will achieve:**  
~~1) Highest productivity~~  
 2) Cost effectiveness  
 3) Time management  
 4) Enhancement of quality



82. **Social Development primarily aims at:**

- ~~1) Removing the old feeling of discrimination towards poor~~
- 2) Introducing specialized work for the people
- 3) Developing economic states of the people
- 4) Enhancing educational states of the people

83. **Who headed the Backward classes commission?**

- 1) Shri Ananthasayanam Ayyangar
- ~~2) Shri U.N.Dhebar~~
- ~~3) Shri Kaka Saheb Kalelkar~~
- 4) Shri Ram Manohar Lohia

84. **The National policy on education (1986) stressed on:**

- 1) Individualistic approach
- 2) Group approach
- ~~3) Holistic approach~~
- 4) Eclectic approach

85. **Mention the approach introduced in the revised version of Sixth Five year plan:**

- 1) Need based approach
- ~~2) Antyodaya approach~~
- 3) Integrated approach
- 4) Individual approach

86. **What are the important documents needed for adoption?**

- 1) Social states report & family report
- 2) Economic condition report & employment status report
- ~~3) Home study report & child study report~~
- 4) Health report & education report

87. **Social policy should emphasize on:**

- 1) Dispute resolution
- 2) Co-operation
- ~~3) Enforcement of governmental programmes~~
- 4) Social norm

88. **When was National emergency declared?**

- 1) 1972
- 2) 1974
- ~~3) 1975~~
- 4) 1978

89. **Chapter IV - A in the Factories (Amendment) Act 1987, relates to:**

- 1) Hours of work
- 2) Leave with wages
- 3) Occupational diseases
- ~~4) Employment in hazardous processes~~

90. **Which article of the Indian Constitution prohibits the employment of children below the age of 14 years?**

- 1) Article 17
- 2) Article 27
- 3) Article 34
- ~~4) Article 24~~

91. **Article 39 (A) of the Indian Constitution states that:**

- 1) Free drinking water
- 2) Free subsidies
- ~~3) Free Legal Aid~~
- 4) Free education

92. **Which one of the following is killing of infective micro-organisms with the use of disinfectants?**

- 1) Antiseptics
- 2) Detergents
- ~~3) Disinfection~~
- 4) Sterilisation

93. **In which year did 'WHO' adopted the 'DOWN WITH BLOOD PRESSURE' slogan?**

- 1) 1998
- 2) 1988
- ~~3) 1978~~
- 4) 1968

94. In which year was the declaration of Alma - Ata conference held for setting the goal of Health For All (HFA) by 2000?

- ~~1) 1978~~
- 2) 1968
- 3) 1979
- 4) 1969

95. In the human female, which one of the choices below is responsible for carrying the egg to the uterus?

- 1) Urethra
- ~~2) Fallopian tube~~
- 3) Endometrium
- 4) Vagina

96. What type of hormonal changes do middle-aged men experience?

- 1) Loss of their capacity to father children
- 2) Modest increase in appetite
- ~~3) Psychological adjustment to declining physical energy~~
- 4) A dramatic drop in testosterone levels

97. Adolescent's Cognitive abilities differ from those of children primarily in that, unlike children, an adolescent's thinking is not necessarily tied to \_\_\_\_\_.

- 1) Logic
- 2) Abstract ideas
- 3) Fantasy
- ~~4) Concrete events~~

98. Which development theory was based on how children learn by observing and imitating other's behaviour?

- 1) Psycho social theory
- 2) Psycho analytic theory
- ~~3) Social Learning theory~~
- 4) Learning theory

99. Who has developed the most detailed and comprehensive theory of cognitive development?

- ~~1) Jean Piaget~~
- 2) Pavlov
- 3) Sigmund Freud
- 4) Carl Jung

100. Which of the following are not key features that characterise emerging adulthood?

- 1) Identity Exploration
- 2) Instability
- ~~3) Commitment to others~~
- 4) Self - Focused

101. Who was the leader who focussed attention on the problem of rural reconstruction?

- 1) Lal Bahadur Shastri
- ~~2) Mahatma Gandhi~~
- 3) Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru
- 4) All the above

102. Primary prevention of mental health on community basis operates in the following method:

- ~~1) Improving the social environment and promotion of the social, emotional and physical well-being of all people~~
- 2) Improving the mental health of the individual
- 3) By judging the physical health of the person
- 4) By assessing the body strength of the individual

103. The concept of health according to WHO does not include:

- 1) Absence of infirmity or diseases
- 2) Physical health
- 3) Mental and social well being
- ~~4) Financial well-being~~

104. The Juvenile Justice Act 2011 (Amended) gives more power to:

- ~~1) Child welfare committees and child protection units~~
- 2) High courts and child welfare committees
- 3) District social welfare Boards and child protection units
- 4) State social welfare Board and District Social welfare Boards

105. NCLP - National child labour projects are carried out by:

- ~~1) Ministry of Labour~~
- 2) Ministry of Social justice and Empowerment
- 3) Ministry of women and child development
- 4) Ministry of Health and Family welfare

106. Kits to the new born babies in Government hospitals in Tamil Nadu was introduced in august 2015, which contains \_\_\_\_\_ in it.

- ~~1) 16 items~~
- 2) 15 items
- 3) 14 items
- 4) 18 items

107. Jean Dreze and Reetika Khera are known for:

- 1) Estimation of impact of climate change
- 2) Estimation of PDS
- 3) Estimation of APL
- ~~4) Estimation of BPL~~

108. Expand DRDA.

- 1) Directorate of Rural Development Agency
- 2) Department of Rural Development and Agriculture
- ~~3) District Rural Development Agency~~
- 4) Department of Rural Development and Animal Husbandry

109. Children with IQ's ranging from 140 - 200 are termed as:

- ~~1) Gifted Children~~
- 2) Hyperactive children (Hyperactive)
- 3) Problematic children
- 4) Pseudo mentally retarded children

110. In India, Primary Health Centres (PHC) are monitored in accordance with:

- ~~1) Indian Public Health Standards~~
- 2) Inter - State Public Health Standards
- 3) International Public Health Standards
- 4) Indian Primary Health Standards

111. Harmony and integration within the individual, between each individual and other members of the society implies:

- 1) Community health
- 2) Public health
- ~~3) Social dimension of health~~
- 4) Sociology of the health

112. ASHA is:

- 1) Accredited Social Health Assistant
- ~~2) Accredited Social Health Activist~~
- 3) Accredited Social Health Administrator
- 4) Accredited Social Health Advisor

113. The National Programme for control of visual impairment and blindness was launched in the year:

- ~~1) 1976~~
- 2) 1977
- 3) 1978
- 4) 1979

114. For every \_\_\_\_\_ population in hilly areas, a PHC is established.

- 1) 5,000
- 2) 10,000
- 3) 15,000
- ~~4) 20,000~~

115. The year \_\_\_\_\_ was declared as the International year of the family.

- 1) 2007
- 2) 1994
- 3) 1975
- 4) 1981

116. Prof Adarkar committee was appointed to:

- 1) Frame fresh scheme of health insurance for industrial workers
- 2) Frame fresh policy for compensation
- 3) Study the policy of minimum wages
- 4) Study the need for bonus

117. The General Fertility Rate (GFR) as per 2011 census was:

- 1) 66.4
- 2) 81.2
- 3) 48.9
- 4) 78.7

118. Schizophrenia means:

- 1) Splitting of thoughts
- 2) Splitting of behaviours
- 3) Splitting of emotions
- 4) Splitting of mind

119. Alcohol is considered to be:

- 1) Stimulant
- 2) Depressant
- 3) Tranquilizer
- 4) Amphetamine

120. Obsession is associated with:

- 1) Recurrent thoughts
- 2) Repeated actions
- 3) Rigid opinions
- 4) Rigid attitude

121. The initial agreement of CARE (NGO) in India was limited to:

- 1) Distribution of free food and clothes to poor
- 2) Provision of free lunch to school children from slum areas
- 3) Contribution of technical books and scientific equipment for universities and Research Institutions
- 4) Relief camps and assistance to hospitals

122. Which of the following Public Limited company offers Fixed Deposit schemes?

- 1) SSB
- 2) TNSCB
- 3) CMDA
- 4) HUDCO

123. The oldest Municipal Institution in India is:

- 1) The Corporation of Chennai (Madras)
- 2) The Corporation of Mumbai (Bombay)
- 3) The Corporation of Calcutta (Kolkata)
- 4) The Corporation of Calicut (Kozhikode)

124. YHAI - Youth Hostel Association of India is an associate member of the Hostelling International located in:

- 1) Istanbul, Turkey
- 2) Brussels, Belgium, EU
- 3) Welwyn Garden city, England, UK
- 4) Tennessee, USA

125. Name the journals published by CITU - Centre of Indian Trade Union.

- 1) Labour Welfare, Working Class Quarterly
- 2) May Day, Labour welfare quarterly
- 3) Working class, Kamkaji Mahila Quarterly
- 4) Chalo Trade Union, Labour Welfare quarterly

126. NYKS - Nehru Yuva Kendra Sangathan comes under:

- 1) Ministry of Youth Affairs & Sports
- 2) MHRD
- 3) Ministry of women and child Development
- 4) Ministry of social Justice and Empowerment

127. The head quarters of YMCA - Young Men's Christian Association is located in:

- ~~1) Geneva, Switzerland~~
- 2) London, UK
- 3) Amsterdam, The Netherlands
- 4) Newyork, USA

128. NIPM - National Institute of Personnel Management was merger of:

- 1) National Institute of Personnel Management and National Institute of Public Administration
- 2) National Institute of Personnel Management and National Institute of HR management
- ~~3) Indian Institute of Personnel Management and National Institute of Labour Management~~
- 4) National Institute of Public Administration and National Institute of HR Management

129. In the HRDN (National HRD Network) logo, Red color represents:

- 1) Courage and boldness
- 2) Hard work and genuineness
- ~~3) Energy and enthusiasm~~
- 4) Hard work and Intelligence

130. Which is NOT a cell functioning under National Commission on Women (NCW)?

- 1) Complaints and Investigation cell
- 2) Research and studies cell
- 3) Non-Resident Indians Cell
- ~~4) SC and Tribal women cell~~

131. In case of institutional delivery, ASHA will make visits to all new born according to specified schedule up to 42 days of life:

- 1) Five
- ~~2) Six~~
- 3) Seven
- 4) Four

132. National Leprosy Control programme has been in operation since the year:

- 1) 1975
- 2) 1965
- ~~3) 1955~~
- 4) 1985

133. It is the access and control over self, ideology, resources information and decision makeup:

- ~~1) Empowerment~~
- 2) Consciousness
- 3) Development
- 4) Social Welfare

134. Which conference has brought in the concept of sustainable development?

- ~~1) The Rio Conference~~
- 2) The Doha Conference
- 3) The Montreal Conference
- 4) None of the above

135. Which of the following is not a cause for Mental Retardation?

- 1) Chromosomal abnormalities
- 2) Rh - incompatibility
- 3) Birth injuries
- ~~4) Immunization~~

136. One of the objectives of ICDS scheme is to improve the nutritional and health status of the children in the age group of:

- 1) 0 - 3 years
- 2) 0 - 4 years
- 3) 0 - 5 years
- ~~4) 0 - 6 years~~

137. Which of the following vaccine helps in preventing 'whooping cough'?

- 1) BCG
- ~~2) DPT~~
- 3) OPV
- 4) TT

138. DANIDA provides assistance for the development of services under National \_\_\_\_\_ control programme.

- 1) Malaria
- 2) Blindness
- 3) AIDS
- 4) Cancer

139. In which year was the YMCA movement initiated?

- 1) 1844
- 2) 1833
- 3) 1830
- 4) 1825

140. The UN agency, which is working for the rehabilitation of children in war ravaged countries is \_\_\_\_\_.

- 1) UNDP
- 2) FAO
- 3) UNESCO
- 4) UNICEF

141. The CSWB initiated "Family and Child Welfare Services" in the year:

- 1) 1965
- 2) 1966
- 3) 1967
- 4) 1968

142. Which is not a function of an industrial Social Worker?

- 1) Supervision of Provident Fund and E.S.I
- 2) Management of canteens and mid day meals
- 3) Orientation and induction of new employees
- 4) Monitoring the employees' children's absenteeism in schools

143. The study of the physical and psychological changes which are incident to old age is called:

- 1) Geriatrics
- 2) Gerontology
- 3) Gynaecology
- 4) Gastroenterology

144. The first child guidance clinic was started in the year:

- 1) 1909
- 2) 1990
- 3) 1919
- 4) 1991

145. Mental Retardations is a \_\_\_\_\_.

- 1) Disease
- 2) Illness
- 3) Genetic condition
- 4) Condition

146. \_\_\_\_\_ is an act of directly representing or defending others.

- 1) Social Action
- 2) Advocacy
- 3) Case Work
- 4) Fact finding

147. The direct expression of one's view of the conflict & one's feelings about it and at the same time an invitation to the opposition to do the same is called \_\_\_\_\_.

- 1) Mutual Conflict
- 2) Mutual Understanding
- 3) Confrontation
- 4) Control over others

148. Which of the following methods is not a common method of decision making?

- 1) Decision making by Consensus
- 2) Decision making by Majority
- 3) Rule by an individual
- 4) Persuasion by a Minority

149. \_\_\_\_\_ is the process of helping individuals, families, groups, & communities to increase their personal, interpersonal, Socio economic & Political Strength & to develop influence towards improving their circumstances.

- 1) Social Care work
- ~~2) Empowerment~~
- 3) Advocacy
- 4) Social Action

150. Who is the Father of Group Dynamics?

- 1) H.B. Warner
- 2) Kurt Lewin
- 3) Johnson & Johnson
- 4) Moreno

151. Expand DSM.

- 1) Diagnostic and Statistical Measurement
- 2) Diagnostic and Social Measurement
- 3) Diabolic and Systematic Manual
- ~~4) Diagnostic and Statistical Manual~~

152. \_\_\_\_\_ is a process by which a designated person watches over a worker's performance, directs activities and provides feedback. He/she will help you get your work done.

- 1) Administrator
- ~~2) Supervisor~~
- 3) Leader
- 4) Facilitator

153. Carl Rogers is associated with:

- 1) Individual Counselling
- 2) Psychoanalytic approach
- 3) Existential approach
- ~~4) Person centred approach~~

154. Many, but not all, crises are time limited and last somewhere between:

- 1) 4 and 6 weeks
- ~~2) 6 and 8 weeks~~
- 3) 8 and 10 weeks
- 4) 10 and 12 weeks

155. Which of the following is emphasized by the cognitive therapy?

- 1) Intra-Psychic forces
- 2) Inter Personal behaviour
- ~~3) Recognising and changing negative thoughts and maladaptive beliefs~~
- 4) Emotional growth of the client

156. Which concept of Gandhi was influenced by John Ruskin's "Unto the Last"?

- 1) Ahimsa
- ~~2) Sarvodaya~~
- 3) Antyodaya
- 4) Satya

157. Classical approach to management centres on theories of:

- 1) Welfare measures
- 2) Employee's performance
- 3) Managerial Effectiveness
- ~~4) Efficiency~~

158. Hawthorne Experiments were examples of:

- 1) Classical approach
- ~~2) Neo classical approach~~
- 3) Both are correct
- 4) A is correct B is wrong

159. a) Centralization of authority b) Formalization of procedures and practices c) Specialization of functions are examples of:

- 1) Management by objectives (MBO)
- 2) Neo classical approaches
- 3) Classical approaches
- ~~4) Mechanistic organization~~



160. In systems approach, synergy refers to:

- ~~1) The whole is greater than the sum of its parts~~
- 2) The sum of its parts are greater than the whole
- 3) If subsystem are more then the total output will be more
- 4) Gestalt

161. \_\_\_\_\_ is the core of client centred approach.

- 1) Self realization
- 2) Self actualization
- 3) Self-image
- ~~4) Self-concept~~

162. Khadi and village industries in India were introduced based on \_\_\_\_\_ philosophy.

- 1) Nehruvian
- ~~2) Gandhian~~
- 3) Gokale's
- 4) Sardar Patel's

163. Statement A: Crises are caused by Internal Events Statement B: Crises are caused by External Events.

- ~~1) Both statements A & B are correct~~
- 2) Both Statements A & B are correct. But A is the explanation of B
- 3) Both statements A & B are correct. But B is the explanation of A
- 4) Both statements A & B are correct. But both are exclusive

164. Community Based Approach mainly evolved from:

- ~~1) COS - Charity organization society and settlement house movements~~
- 2) Community chest and settlement house movements
- 3) Local charity organization movements and settlement house society
- 4) Community charity networks and shelter homes for the homeless

165. Assessing the happenings in the course of program is known as:

- 1) Mid term Evaluation
- ~~2) Process Evaluation~~
- 3) Mid process Evaluation
- 4) Process and content Evaluation

166. A people's movement for the creation of a new state is:

- 1) Naxalbari Movement
- ~~2) Telangana Movement~~
- 3) Dravidian Movement
- 4) Chipko Movement

167. Initially, the Naxalbari movement had its centre in:

- 1) Chattisgarh
- ~~2) West Bengal~~
- 3) Odisha
- 4) Andhra Pradesh

168. Theosophical Society was founded in:

- 1) Calcutta
- ~~2) Madras~~
- 3) Bombay
- 4) Delhi

169. Which of the following Organisation worked for the abolition of Sati?

- 1) Arya samaj
- ~~2) Brahmo samaj~~
- 3) Theosophical society
- 4) Servants of India society

170. Who is empowered to form National Tribunal?

- ~~1) State Government~~
- 2) Supreme Court - Labour Bench
- 3) Central Government
- 4) High Court - Labour Bench



171. \_\_\_\_\_ published the first tract against Sati in 1818.

- 1) William Cavey
- 2) Serampore college
- ~~3) Raja Ram Mohan Roy~~
- 4) Keshab

172. NaxalBari Movement in India was started in the year \_\_\_\_\_.

- 1) 1967
- 2) 1970
- ~~3) 1972~~
- 4) 1975

173. Swami Vivekananda under Brahmo influence imbibed \_\_\_\_\_.

- 1) Medical relief
- ~~2) Antagonism to caste & Ideology~~
- 3) Leadership Qualities
- 4) Devotion to education

174. In 1882 \_\_\_\_\_ an Indian Christian missionary, established the Arya Mahila Samaj in Poona.

- 1) Chintamani
- ~~2) Pandit Ramabai~~
- 3) Krishna Pillai
- 4) Jotiba Phule

175. A Society known as Paramahansa Sabha was founded in 1849 whose main objective was \_\_\_\_\_.

- ~~1) Breaking of caste~~
- 2) Famine Relief
- 3) Widow Remarriage
- 4) Temperance and Charity

176. One of the factors responsible for the early social reforms were \_\_\_\_\_.

- 1) East India Company
- 2) Muslim League
- 3) Raja Ram Mohan Roy
- ~~4) Christian Missionaries~~

177. According to Factories Act (Amended in 1976), there should be a welfare officer in every factory where in \_\_\_\_\_ or more workers are employed.

- 1) 400 workers
- ~~2) 500 workers~~
- 3) 100 workers
- 4) 200 workers

178. According to Juvenile Justice (care and protection of children) Act, 2000, a juvenile or child means a person who has not completed.

- 1) 16<sup>th</sup> years of age
- 2) 17<sup>th</sup> years of age
- ~~3) 18<sup>th</sup> years of age~~
- 4) 14<sup>th</sup> years of age

179. As of 2015, Which Indian state has highest child labour cases?

- 1) Rajasthan
- 2) Bihar
- 3) Jammu & Kashmir
- ~~4) Uttar Pradesh~~

180. Which is NOT a condition under which a pregnancy can be terminated under MTP Act 1971?

- 1) Medical
- 2) Humanitarian
- ~~3) Psychological~~
- 4) Failure of Contraceptive

181. In May 2015, the union cabinet cleared Amendment to the Child labour Law, which will allow children below the age of 14 years.

- 1) To work and continue their studies
- ~~2) To work in select 'non - hazardous' family enterprises~~
- 3) To work 4 - 5 hrs in a day then attend school
- 4) To establish family business

182. The Penalty for contravention of maternity Benefit Act 1961 by employer is:

- 1) 4 months to 1 year of imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 2000 to Rs. 5000
- 2) 3 months to 1 year of imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 2000 to Rs. 5000
- 3) 6 months to 1 year of imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 5000 to Rs. 10,000
- 4) 1 -2 years of imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 10,000 to Rs. 25,000

183. According to Slum Area improvement and clearance Act 1956, for Demolition and Redevelopment, buildings which cannot be repaired within reasonable cost then the authority is required to serve a notice within \_\_\_\_\_ days of inspection and demolition can be carried out only after \_\_\_\_\_ weeks of expiration of the notice.

- 1) 60 days, 6 weeks
- 2) 45 days, 4 weeks
- 3) 30 days, 4 weeks
- 4) 30 days, 6 weeks

184. Who propounded theory 'X' and theory 'Y'?

- 1) Douglas McGregor
- 2) A.H. Maslow
- 3) Fredrick Herzberg
- 4) David McClelland

185. Felt difficulty in fulfilling role obligation is known as:

- 1) Inter role
- 2) Role Variation
- 3) Role Strain
- 4) Role ambiguity

186. A study of Mintzberg characterised the managers job as:

- 1) Ordered
- 2) Verbal
- 3) Routine
- 4) Structural

187. Creative behaviour is made more likely:

- 1) When it is rewarded
- 2) When the level of stress is appropriate
- 3) When adequate time is available for considering a problem
- 4) All of the above

188. The managerial skill most clearly advocated is:

- 1) Procrastination
- 2) Integration
- 3) Timidity
- 4) Indecisiveness

189. The vast majority of supervisory decision are:

- 1) Intuitive
- 2) Judgemental
- 3) Problem - Solving
- 4) Group decision

190. An unlikely goal of performance appraisal is:

- 1) To uncover training needs
- 2) To identify psychological problems
- 3) To identify Candidates/Employees for Promotion
- 4) To identify motivation of the employees

191. The level of social work which is used in Rural Camp & Study tour is \_\_\_\_\_.

- 1) Micro Practice
- 2) Mezzo Practice
- 3) Macro Practice
- 4) Social Action

192. \_\_\_\_\_ theory is that audiences depend on media information to meet needs and reach goals and social institutions and media systems interact with audiences to create needs.

- 1) Stephenson's Play
- 2) Modelling Behaviour
- 3) Consistency
- 4) Media dependency

193. Which is a barrier to effective communication?

- 1) Listening
- ~~2) Filtering~~
- 3) Writing
- 4) Hearing

194. \_\_\_\_\_ has been used to reduce pain & to induce relaxation and it is illegal to use.

- 1) Cocaine
- 2) Dexedrine
- 3) Marijuana
- ~~4) Opiates~~

195. Genuineness, warmth & empathy are the attributes of a good \_\_\_\_\_.

- 1) Social care given
- 2) Mezzo practitioner
- ~~3) Counsellor~~
- 4) Administrator

196. \_\_\_\_\_ are the author on the models of reflective practice.

- ~~1) Borton, Boud, Payne~~
- 2) Dominelli, Lynne Healy
- 3) Collins, Goodman
- 4) Reynolds, Foucault's

197. According to Johari Window, the Blind Area refers to:

- 1) Aspects known to self and others
- 2) Aspects not known to self and others
- 3) Aspects not known to others but known to self
- ~~4) Aspects not known to self but known to others~~

198. The term 'Proxemics' in counselling refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- 1) The social distance between the counsellor and client
- ~~2) The physical distance between the counsellor and client~~
- 3) The psychological proximity between the counsellor and client
- 4) The distance between the counsellor and the client's environment.

199. Silence is a:

- 1) Verbal communication
- ~~2) Non-Verbal communication~~
- 3) Formal communication
- 4) Informal communication

200. Which of the following is not an anti-poverty scheme?

- 1) RLEGP
- ~~2) TAHDCO~~
- 3) TRYSEM
- 4) MNP