- 5. Tanquidi-Nazariye Ihtesham Husain.
- 6. Tanquid Kya Hai Aale Ahmed Suroor.
- 7. Urdu Shairi-per-ek-Nazar Kalimuddin Ahmed.

# Unit - III - Ghalib - His prose and poetry

#### **Books Prescribed:**

- 1. Diwan-e-Ghalib Abdur Rahman Bijnori
- 2. Ghalib Nama S.M. Ikram.
- 3. Khutoot-e-Ghalib Mahesh Prasad.

#### Unit - IV - Dr. Nazir Ahmed and his Novels

## **Books Prescribed:**

- 1. Miratul-Uroos Dr. Nazir Ahmed
- 2. Banatun-Nas -do-
- 3. Taubatan-Nasuh -do-
- 4. Ayyama -do-
- 5. Ibnul-Waqt -do-

# **Zoology**

#### **PAPER-I**

#### UNIT-I BIOLOGY OF NON-CHORDATES

Protozoan parasites of man; Reproduction in sponges; Polymorphism in coelenterates; Helminth parasites of man and parasitic adaptations; Coelom in annelids; Vision in insects; Horseshoe crab and its importance; Locomotory organs and locomotion in molluscs; Larval forms in echinoderms and origin of chordates; Comparative study of the excretory organs and excretion in invertebrates.

#### UNIT-II BIOLOGY OF CHORDATES

Origin of chordates; Biology and affinity of protochordates; Biology and affinities of Cyclostomes and Dipnoi; Migration in fishers; Metamorphosis in amphibians; Poisonous and non-poisonous snakes of India; Flight adaptation in birds; Adaptive radiation in mammals; Aquatic mammals and their adaptations; Dentition in mammals.

# UNIT-III ECOLOGY, BIOSTATISTICS, ANIMAL TAXONOMY

Population and its characteristics; Biotic community; Environmental pollution, Green house effect, Acid rain; Wildlife of India and their conservation; Probability and probability distribution (Normal, Binomial and Poisson); Tests of significance (t- and x² tests); Simple correlation; Regression and Analysis of variance; Speciation and species concept; Modern trends in taxonomy; Collection, preservation and curetting of animals of taxonomic importance.

## UNIT-IV EVOLUTION, ETHOLOGY

Variation and natural selection as underlying mechanisms of evolution; Isolation and isolating mechanisms in relation to origin of species; Patterns of evolution (micro, Macro and Mega); Hardy-Weinberg principle in relation to population genetics; Molecular and genomic evolution; Ancestry of man; Pheromones and behaviour; Social organization in primates; Courtship and mating behaviour in mammals; Biological clock and circadian rhythm.

# UNIT-V ECONOMIC ZOOLOGY, MICROBIOLOGY

Biology of silk moth and sericulture; Apiculture; Earthworm and vermicomposting; Induced breeding in fishes; Pearl culture; Transgenic animals and their importance; Structure of bacteria and bacteriophage; Isolation, screening and culture of bacteria related to production of antibiotics and enzymes; Lytic and lysogenic cycles; Transduction, transformation and conjugation in bacteria.

## **PAPER-II**

## UNIT-I CELL BIOLOGY AND GENETICS

Structure, composition and arrangement of biological membranes; Transport across cell membrane; Cytoskeleton- structure and dynamics; Cell cycle and cell signaling; Cell division – Mitosis and Meiosis; Cell necrosis and apoptosis; Linkage, Crossing over and Gene mapping; Gene interaction; Penetrance and expressivity; Human genome project; Chromosomal aberrations and their genetic consequences;

## UNIT-II PHYSIOLOGY AND ENDOCRINOLOGY

Blood groups and blood coagulation; structure of hemoglobin and transport of gases of respiratory importance; Ultra filtration in the mammalian kidney and mechanism of urine formation; Osmoregulation in aquatic animals; Cellular organization of neuron and synaptic transmission; Chemistry and biological action of pituitary hormones; Neurosecretion and hypothalamic control of adenohypophysial function; Mechanism of hormone action; Testicular events and biosynthesis of testosterone; Endocrinology of implantation, parturition and lactation; Role of hormones during pregnancy.

## UNIT-III BIOCHEMISTRY AND MOLECULAR BIOLOGY

Electron transport chain and ATP synthesis; Carbohydrate metabolism and its regulation; Protein synthesis, three dimensional structure of protein and protein folding; Kinetics and mechanism of enzyme action; Metabolism of amino acids-transamination, oxidative deamination; Oxidation of fatty acids; DNA structure, types and its organization in the chromatin; Synthesis and processing of mRNA; Regulation of gene expression in prokaryotes; Blotting techniques – Southern, Northern and Western; Gene, genome and genetic code.

## UNIT-IV IMMUNOLOGY AND DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY

Antigen, antibody and antigen-antibody reactions; Immunoglobulin – structure and function; Humoral and cell mediated immunity; Immunological aspects of transplantation, autoimmunity and immunotolerance; Hypersensitivity, Vaccines, interferon, episomes and toxins; Biochemical aspects of fertilization, Organizer concept and embryonic induction; Differential gene expression during development; In vitro fertilization and embryo transfer; Regeneration in vertebrates; Stem cell biology.

# UNIT-V INSTRUMENTATION AND TEHNIQUES

Microscopy – light, fluorescent, electron (Scanning & Transmission) microscopy; Ultra centrifugation (Differential and Density gradient); Electrophoresis (Agarose and PAGE); UV and visible spectrophotometry; Chromatography – Paper, Gas and Liquid chromatography; Principles and technique of PCR; Radioisotopic techniques and scintillation counting; Karyotyping and chromosomal analysis; Tissue fixation and microtomy; Histochemical methods for the demonstration of carbohydrate, protein, lipid and nucleic acids.