PUNJAB PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Objective Type Test (Mar-2016) for Recruitment of Deputy District Attorneys in the Department of Home Affairs and Justice, Govt. of Punjab

READ INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE FILLING ANY DETAILS OR ATTEMPTING TO ANSWER THE QUESTIONS.

Pape	Question
Candidate's Name	Booklet Set
Father's Name	
Date of Birth DD MM YYYY	(*as given in the admit card)
OMR Response Sheet No.	Booklet Series No.
Roll No.	00009444
Candidate's Signature (Please sign in the box)	Boot
INSTRU	CTIONS
The candidate shall NOT open this booklet till the time told to do so by the Invigilation Staff. However, in the meantime, the candidate can read these instructions carefully and subsequently fill the appropriate columns given above in CAPITAL letters. The candidate may also fill the relevant columns (other than the columns related to marking responses to the questions) of the Optical Mark Reader (OMR) response sheet, supplied separately.	9. The candidates shall ensure that the responses are marked in correct manner and any adverse impact due to wrong marking of responses would be the responsibility of the respective candidate. The following are some of the examples of wrong marking of responses on the OMR response sheet.
Use only blue or black ball point pen to fill the relevant columns on this page. Use of fountain pen may leave smudges which may make the information given by the candidate here illegible. The candidate shall be liable for any adverse effect if the information given above is wrong or illegible.	10. The candidates, when allowed to open the question paper booklet, must check the booklet to confirm that the booklet has complete number of pages, the pages printed correctly and there are no blank pages. In case there is any such error in the question paper booklet then the candidate should immediately bring this fact to the notice of the invigilation Staff and obtain a booklet of the same series as given earlier.
4. Before attempting the paper, the candidate must fill all the columns given above on this page and sign at the appropriate place. 5. Each candidate is required to attempt 100 questions in 90 minutes, except for visually impaired candidates, who would be given 30 extra minutes, by marking correct responses on the OMR sheet which would be supplied separately to the	The serial number of the question booklet should be entered in the relevant column of the OMR sheet. The Invigilation Staff must make necessary corrections in their record regarding a change in the serial no. of question booklet.
candidates. 6. The candidate must write the following on the OMR sheet:	12. The question paper booklet has 14 pages.
(a)Serial number of the question booklet. (b) Set of the question booklet. Failure to do so may lead to cancellation of candidature or any other action which the Commission may deem fit.	13. Each question shall carry 1.5 marks.
7. The candidate should darken the most appropriate response to the question by completely darkening the appropriate circle/oval according to his/her choice of response i.e. a, b, c or d in the manner shown in the example below. a b c d	14. There are four options for each question and the candidate has to mark the MOST APPROPRIATE answer on the OMR response sheet using blue or black ball point pen.
8. Partly darkening the circle/oval on the OMR response sheet or using other symbols such as tick mark or cross would not result in evaluation of the response as the OMR scanner can only interpret the answers by reading the darkened responses in the manner explained in preceding paragraph. Darkening more than one circle/oval as response to a question shall also be considered as wrong answer.	There is no negative marking for wrong answers or questions not attempted by the candidate.

- Part IV A was added to the Constitution of India by the:
 - a) 25th Amendment Act
 - b) 42nd Amendment Act
 - c) 44th Amendment Act
 - d) 52nd Amendment Act
- A law made by Parliament having extra-territorial operation shall:
- a) Not be deemed invalid
 - b) Be deemed invalid
 - c) Be deemed ultravires
 - d) Be deemed unconstitutional
- The Constitution of India as framed by the Constituent Assembly was finally adopted 3. and enacted on:
 - a) 15th August, 1947
 - b) 30th January, 1948
 - c) 26th November, 1949
 - d) 26th January, 1950
- The Constitution provides for the determination of backwardness on the basis of:
 - a) Poverty
 - b) Caste backwardness
 - c) Occupational backwardness
 - d) Social and educational backwardness
- The term 'Justice' in Article 38 of the Indian Constitution is used to indicate: 5.
 - a) Social and political justice
 - b) Economic and social justice
 - c) Political and economic justice
 - d) Social, economic and political justice
- A suit in respect of public charities is provided under:
 - a) Section 92
 - b) Section 41
 - c) Section 105
 - d) Section 95
- An appeal shall lie to the Supreme Court of India in a matter when it involves: 7.
 - a) A question of law
 - b) A question of fact
 - c) A substantial question of law
 - d) A mixed question of law and fact
- 8. The Rajya Sabha does not have co-equal powers with the Lok Sabha in the matter of:
 - a) Removal of a judge of the Supreme Court
 - b) Impeachment of the President
 - c) Passing of a constitutional Amendment Bill
 - d) Passing of Money Bill

- The Speaker of Lok Sabha can tender his resignation to: 9. a) The President b) The Prime Minister c) The Deputy Speaker d) The Vice President Once the proclamation of emergency is made, the right of a citizen to move the Supreme Court for enforcement of his fundamental rights is suspended by the: 10. . a) The Prime Minister b) The President c) The Chief Justice of India d) The Vice President The Supreme Court of India does not have original jurisdiction regarding a dispute 11. between: a) Union Vs State b) State Vs State c) Union and State Vs State or more States d) Citizens Vs State Article 13 (3) (a) of the Constitution of India includes: 12. a) Ordinance, order and bye-laws only b) Any ordinance, order, bye-law, rule, regulation, notification, custom or usages having force of law c) Rule, regulation and custom only d) None of the above The Council of Minister shall be: 13. a) Collectively responsible to the Prime Minister b) Collectively responsible to the President c) Collectively responsible to the both Houses of Parliament d) Collectively responsible to the House of the People The preamble of the Constitution of India: 14. a) Is a part of the Constitution b) Is not a part of the Constitution c) Is the overriding part of the Constitution d) None of the above Which official has the right to take part in the proceedings of the Parliament, without 15. being a member: a) The comptroller and Auditor General of India

 - b) The Attorney General of India
 - c) The Chief Election Commissioner of India
 - d) None of the above
- Under the Indian Constitution, which one of the following is not a specific ground on which the State can place restrictions on freedom of religion: 16.
 - a) Public order
 - b) Morality
 - c) Social justice
 - d) Health

- Fundamental duties have been added in the Constitution by 42nd Amendment Act, 1976, in accordance with the recommendations of: 17. a) Santhanam Committee b) Sarkaria Committee c) Swaran Singh Committee d) None of the above In the event of occurrence of vacancies in the offices of both, the President and the In the event or occurrence of vacanties in the event or occurrence of vacanties the functions of the Vice President of India, who among the following shall discharge the functions of the 18. President till a new President is elected:
 - a) Senior-most Governor
 - b) Prime Minister
 - c) Speaker of the House of the People
 - d) Chief Justice of India
 - The Government of India may sue or be sued by the name of : 19.
 - a) Union of India
 - b) President
 - c) Prime Minister
 - d) None of the above
 - Under which one of the Articles of the Constitution of India, the provision to constitute 20. Finance Commission is given:
 - a) Article 279
 - b) Article 280
 - c) Article 281
 - d) Article 282
 - Respect the National Flag and the National Anthem is a: 21.
 - a) Fundamental Right
 - b) Moral duty
 - c) Fundamental duty
 - d) Directive Principle of State Policy
 - Which among the following is not the Directive Principle of State Policy: 22.
 - a) Promote international peace and security
 - b) Maintain just and honourable relations between nations
 - c) Encourage settlement of international disputes by arbitration
 - d) Ratify International covenants and Treaties
 - Which one of the following Order and Rules deals with 'rejection of plaint': 23.
 - a) Order VII Rule 11, CPC
 - b) Order VI Rule 13, CPC
 - c) Order VII Rule 12, CPC
 - d) Order VIII Rule 4, CPC
 - Section 115 of the Code of Civil Procedure deals with: 24.
 - a) Reference
 - b) Revision
 - c) Review
 - d) Appeal to the Supreme Court

- Which one of the following Explanations of Section 11, CPC deals with principle of resjudicata:
 - a) Explanation-I
 - b) Explanation-II
 - c) Explanation-III
 - d) Explanation-IV
- 26. Objection as to place of suing shall be allowed in the court of first instance is the essence of:
 - a) Section 21 A of CPC
 - b) Section 20 of CPC
 - c) Section 22 of CPC
 - d) Section 21 of CPC
- 27. The period of limitation within which defendant shall submit his written statement is ordinarily within:
 - a) 60 days from service of summons
 - b) 90 days from service of summons
 - c) 30 days from service of summons
 - d) 15 days from service of summons
- 28. A person may sue a foreign state:
 - a) With the consent of the State Government only
 - b) With the consent of the Central Government only
 - c) Either with the consent of Central Government or State Government
 - d) With the consent of President of India
- 29. Which one of the following determinations does not come under the definition of decree:
 - a) Rejection of plaint
 - b) Dismissal of suit for default
 - c) Determination of any question under Section 144, CPC
 - d) An adjudication which conclusively determines the rights of the parties to some of the matters in issue before the court
- 30. Under Order XVIII, Rule 4 (i) of C.P.C, the examination-in-chief of a witness shall be recorded:
 - a) By the Judge only
 - b) By the Commissioner appointed by the court only
 - c) By the Court or by the Commissioner appointed by the court
 - d) None of the above
- When a party is called upon by notice to admit facts by the other party under Order XII, Rule 4, CPC, the party on whom the notice has been served has to admit the facts within:
 - a) 15 days of the service of notice
 - b) 9 days of the service of notice
 - c) 7 days of the service of notice
 - d) 6 days of the service of notice

- Which one of the following is not a sufficient cause for granting adjournment: 32.
 - a) Sickness of a party
 - b) Non-examination of a witness
 - c) Non-service of summons
 - d) Reasonable time for preparation of a case
- Which one of the following Orders and Rules provides for voluntary amendment: 33.
 - a) Order 6, Rule-7, CPC
 - b) Order 6, Rule-15, CPC
 - c) Order 6, Rule-17, CPC
 - d) Order 6, Rule-19, CPC
- Which one of the following suits is not of a civil nature: 34.
 - a) Suits relating to rights to property
 - b) Suits for rent
 - c) Suits for recovery of voluntary payments or offerings
 - d) Suits against dismissal from service
- Which one of the following Orders deals with set-off and counter-claims: 35.
 - a) Order VI
 - b) Order VII
 - c) Order VIII
 - d) Order IX
- Which one of the following Sections of the Code of Civil Procedure deals with 36. objections as to local or pecuniary jurisdiction raised at the first opportunity:
 - a) Section 21
 - b) Section 22
 - c) Section 24
 - d) Section 25
- Which one of the following is not a method for settlement of disputes outside the 37. court:
 - a) Arbitration
 - b) Conciliation
 - c) Mediation
 - d) Lok Panchayat
- Which among the following is a ground to cancel the arrest of a judgment-debtor: 38.
 - a) Serious illness
 - b) His appearance in any examination
 - c) Marriage ceremony in his family
 - d) None of the above
- Which one of the following is not a prescribed form of penalty for default on the 39. attendance of any person to whom summons have been issued U/S 30, CPC:
 - a) Issuance of warrant for his arrest
 - b) Attachment and sale of his property
 - c) Imposition of fine not exceeding 500/- upon him
 - d) Award of imprisonment for life
- Which one of the following Sections of the Code of Civil Procedure deals with 40. institution of suits:
 - a) Section 26
 - b) Section 27
 - c) Section 26 & 27 both
 - d) None of the above

- Who among the following has right to begin hearing of the suit: 41.
 - a) The plaintiff only
 - c) The plaintiff if defendant admits the facts alleged by plaintiff and does not contend any point of law or additional facts otherwise to the defendant
 - d) None of the above
 - The Judgment for Appellate Court shall not contain: 42.
 - a) The timing of the day, the judgment's pronounced
 - b) The points for determination
 - c) The reason for the decision
 - d) The relief to which appellant is entitled
 - Which one of the following Orders deals with appointment of Receivers: 43.
 - a) Order 39,CPC
 - b) Order 40, CPC
 - c) Order 41, CPC
 - d) Order 42, CPC
 - Provisions of Section 80, CPC are: 44.
 - a) Mandatory
 - b) Directory
 - c) Discretionary
 - d) None of the above
 - Which Article mentions disqualification of Members in the Parliament: 45.
 - a) Article 101 to Article 104
 - b) Article 101 to Article 105
 - c) Article 102 to Article 106
 - d) Article 106 to Article 110
 - Books of account: 46.
 - a) Are liable to attachment and sale in execution of a decree
 - b) Are not liable to attachment and sale in execution of a decree
 - c) Are not evidence in eyes of law
 - d) Can be the sole evidence to decide a suit
 - Will an appeal lie against an order rejecting an application to set aside ex-parte decree: 47.
 - a) Yes
 - b) No
 - c) Sometimes
 - d) All of the above
 - In order to remove a judge of the Supreme Court, the President is required by the Indian Constitution to receive an address by each House of Parliament supported by 48. majority of the total membership of that house, and by prescribed majority of members of that House present and voting-the prescribed majority is:
 - a) One-third
 - b) One-half
 - c) Two-third
 - d) Three-fourth

- The draft Constitution prepared by the Drafting Committee constituted originally of: a) 395 Articles & 9 Schedules 49. b) 395 Articles & 12 Schedules c) 400 Articles & 12 Schedules d) 395 Articles & 8 Schedules A part of Preamble of the Constitution reads as under "We the people of India, having A part of Preamble of the Constitute India in to a Sovereign, Socialist, Secular, Democratic, solemnly resolved to constitute India in to a Sovereign, Socialist, Secular, Democratic, 50. Republic." Certain words in the above part were inserted by the : a) 7th amendment Act 1956 b) 11th amendment Act 1966 c) 25th amendment Act 1974 d) 42nd amendment Act 1976 Which Amendment of the Constitution envisages the provision for relaxation in qualifying marks for SCs and STs for reservation in promotion: 51. a) 80th Amendment b) 82nd Amendment c) 81st Amendment d) 79th Amendment 'A' resides in Chandigarh, 'B' in Kashmir and 'C' in Ajmer. The three met in Delhi. On 52. the demand of 'A', both 'B' and 'C' issued a joint promissory note in his favour. If any issue arises regarding promissory note 'A' can bring an action on 'B' and 'C': a) In Delhi b) In Kashmir c) In Ajmer d) In Chandigarh The provisions regarding 'interlocutory orders' are given under: 53. a) Order 3 b) Order 38 c) Order 39 d) Order 340 When can the receiver for the purpose of property be appointed: 54. a) After the decree b) Before the decree c) Only Appellate court can order d) The Trial court when it appears just and convenient, before or after the passing of the decree Which of the following pairs is correctly matched: 55. Group-I Group-II A. Order 39, C.P.C 1. Temporary injunction
 - Find the answer with the following matches: a) 1,2 and 4

B. Order 33, C.P.C

C. Section 102, C.P.C.

D. Section 148, C.P.C

- b) 1,2, and 3
- c) 1,3 and 4
- d) 2,3 and 4

4.

2. Suit by indigent persons

Right to file caveat

3. No second appeal in certain cases

Match the following 56. List-II List-I Article 16 (4) 1. Reservation in state employment Article 15 (3) 2. Special provision for women & children Article 17 Abolition of titles C Article 18 4. Abolition of untouchability D Codes: 3 a) 4 3 2 4 1 2 d)

- 57. The first Amendment to the Constitution made in 1951, made changes in relation which of the following provisions:
 - 1) Special provision for advancement of socially and educationally backward classes
 - 2) Validation of certain Acts and Regulations specified in the Ninth Schedule
 - 3) Savings of certain laws giving effects to certain Directive Principles
 - 4) Savings of law providing for acquisition of estates

Select the correct answer using the codes given below:

- a) 1,2 and 3
- b) 1,2, and 4
- c) 2,3 and 4
- d) 1,3 and 4
- 58. Match the following:

Group-I

- A. Order 26
- B. Order 33
- C. Order 19.
- D. Order 38

Group-II

- 1. Affidavit
- 2. Arrest before judgement
- 3. Commissions to examine witnesses
- 4. Suits by indigent persons

Codes:

- D C A B 4 3 (a) 1 2 (b) 1 3 4 2 (c) (d)
- 59. Compensatory cost can be imposed:
 - a) If the claim or (defence) is false or vexatious and subsequently disallowed or withdrawn
 - b) If objection to the false or vexatious claim or defence has been taken by the party at the earliest opportunity
 - c) Both (a) and (b) are correct
 - d) Both (a) and b) are incorrect

- 'A' files a suit against 'B' to recover possession of house. He values his claim in the 'A' files a suit against 'B' to recover possess' which has jurisdiction to try suits of a plaint at Rs. 8000. The suit is filed in court 'C', which has jurisdiction to try suits of a 60. plaint at Rs. 8000. The suit is filed in court the house is Rs, 12,000 but 'B' does not value up to Rs. 10,000. The market value of the house is Rs, 12,000 but 'B' does not object to the jurisdiction of the court. The decree is passed in favour of 'A': ect to the jurisdiction of the court. The december of the pecuniary a) In appellate court, 'B' cannot take the objection about the pecuniary

 - jurisdiction of court C b) In appellate court 'B' can take the objection about the pecuniary jurisdiction of
 - c) In appellate court 'B' can take the objection about the pecuniary jurisdiction of court 'C', if it has resulted in failure of justice
- Where there are more plaintiffs than one and they are joined together in one suit, but the right to relief alleged to exist in each plaintiff does not arise out of the same act or 61. transaction and if separate suits were brought, no common question of law or fact would arise, it is a case of:
 - a) Mis-joinder of plaintiffs
 - b) Non-joinder of plaintiffs
 - c) Multifariousness of suit
 - d) All of the above
- Which one of the following is the correct sequence of protection in respect of 62. conviction for offences:
 - a) Ex post facto penal laws- double jeopardy-self incrimination
 - b) Double jeopardy-ex post facto penal laws- self incrimination
 - c) Self incrimination- double jeopardy-ex post facto penal laws
 - d) Ex post facto penal laws- self incrimination- double jeopardy
- Which one of the following writs can be issued only against the judicial or quasi-63. judicial authorities:
 - a) Mandamus
 - b) Habeas corpus
 - c) Certiorari
 - d) Quo warranto
- The Finance Commission submits its report to: 64.
 - a) The President
 - b) The Speaker of Lok Sabha
 - c) The Comptroller and Auditor General
 - d) The Finance Minister
- A private transfer or delivery of the property attached under Section 64(2) shall not be 65. void if:
 - a) Made in pursuance of any contract for such transfer or delivery entered into and registered before the attachment
 - b) Made in pursuance of any contract for such transfer or delivery entered into and registered after the attachment
 - c) Made in pursuance of any contract for such transfer or delivery entered into before the attachment but registered after the attachment
 - d) None of the above

Which of the following Orders cannot be appealed against under Order 43: a) An Order to set aside the dismissal of a suit b) An Order to set aside a decree passed ex-parte c) An Order for the grant of temporary injunction d) None of the above 67. The Constitution of India recognizes: a) Only religious minorities b) Only linguistic minorities c) Religious and linguistic minorities d) Religious, linguistic and ethnic minorities "Full faith and Credit" clause of the Constitution does not apply to 68. a) Public records b) Judicial proceedings c) Rules of Firms d) Public Acts Autre fois Acquit principle is related to: 69. a) Doulbe Jeopardy b) Self-incrimination c) Ex-post facto law d) Retrospective operation Exemption from personal appearance in the court is provided under: 70. a) Section 133 of CPC 1908 b) Section 132 of CPC 1908 c) Section 144 of CPC 1908 d) Section 143 of CPC 1908 'Bundle of His' is a part of which one of the following organs in humans: 71. a) Heart b) Kidney c) Pancreas d) Brain Asafoetida is obtained from which part of the plant: 72. a) Stem b) Bud c) Leaf d) Root 0.2% aqueous solution of phenol is used as: 73. a) Disinfectant b) Germicide c) Antiseptic d) All of the above Malaria is a disease which effects the: 74. a) Heart b) Eyes c) Spleen d) Kidneys

- Which of the following computer language is used for artificial intelligence:
 - a) FORTRAN
 - b) PROLOG
 - c) C

75.

- d) COBOL
- The legislature of which state of the United States passed legislation on 9th April, 2015 that allows the use of nitrogen gas chambers for executions: 76.
 - a) California
 - b) Oklahoma
 - c) Washington
 - d) Columbia
- Name the state government whose proposal to grant mining license to South Korean 77. steel major Posco for its proposed 12 billion dollar mega steel plant near Paradip was rejected by the Union Government:
 - a) Jharkhand
 - b) Odisha
 - c) Chhattisgarh
 - d) Madhya Pradesh
- WWF's Earth Hour City Challenge 2015 results were declared on 9th April, 2015. Name 78. the city of India that was named the National Earth Hour Capital, 2015.
 - a) Thane, Maharashtra
 - b) Coimbatore, Tamil Nadu
 - c) Jaipur, Rajasthan
 - d) Raipur, Chhatisgarh
- 79. In which one of the following cases the Supreme Court (SC) of India on 10th April, 2015 ordered all the private hospitals to provide for free treatment to acid attack victims:
 - a) Luxmi Vs Union of India
 - b) Shreya Singhal Vs Union of India
 - c) Parivartan Kendra Vs Union of India
 - d) People's Union for Civil Liberties Vs Union of India
- SEBI on 8th April, 2015 raised the transaction limit in exchange traded currency 80. derivatives to how many millions US dollars for both foreign and domestic investors without having any underlying exposure:
 - a) 10 million US dollars
 - b) 15 million US dollars
 - c) 20 million US dollars
 - d) 25 million US dollars
- India on 18th March, 2015 announced to hold the Global Yoga Meet in which country 81. to celebrate UN's first International Day of Yoga on 21st June, 2015:

 - b) USA
 - c) China
 - d) New Zealand

Who said, The God, who gave us life, gave us liberty at the same time: 82. a) Adam Smith b) Mahatma Gandhi c) Jefferson d) T.H.Green Civil rights are given to the individuals by: 83. a) The State b) The People c) Nature d) Society Who first gave the Concept of 'Distributive Justice': 84. a) Plato b) Aristotle c) Machiavelli d) Locke 'Polyarchy' means: 85. a) People act both through the electoral system and the group process b) It takes individual as the basic unit of democratic model c) It reduces the multitudinous differences of opinion to relatively simple alternatives d) People can participate through their representations Union Government has observed "Good Governance Day" to remember the birth 86. anniversary of whom of the following: a) Deen Dayal Upadhyaya b) Madan Mohan Malviya c) Atal Bihari Vajpayee d) Sardar Patel Which of the following states has launched India's first e-ration card service: 87. a) Rajasthan b) Gujarat c) Bihar d) Delhi The famous Sun temple at Konark was built by: 88. a) Prataprudra b) Anantavarman c) Narshimha I d) Narshimha II Who was the founder of the City of Agra: 89. a) Ala-ud-din-Khilji b) Muhammad Tughluq c) Firoz Tughluq d) Sikandar Lodi

	Governor Generals created the prices from 1861 onward:
90.	Who among the following Governor Generals created the Who among the following Governor Generals created the Indian civil services from 1861 onward: India which came to be known as the Indian civil services from 1861 onward:
	India which came to be
	a) William Bentinck
	b) Wellesley
	c) Cornwallis
	d) Warren Hastings
	d) Wallett last 1
01	Methamoglobinemia is caused due to:
91.	C DL aanhard III Wales
	a) Presence of Phospitate in Water
	b) Presence of nitrate in water
	c) Presence of sodium in water
	d) Presence of calcium in water
	" careby conditions are called:
92.	Plants growing in saline soil marshy conditions are called:
	a) Psammophytes
	b) Halophytes
	c) Mesophytes
	d) Lithophytes
93.	Which of the following is/are air pollution control devices:
	a) Bag filter
	b) Cyclone collector
	c) Electrostatic precipitator
	d) All of the above
94.	Luxmeter is used for:
94.	a) Measurement of intensity of light
	b) Measurement of intensity of wind
	c) Measurement of intensity of rain
	d) None of the above
95.	The state with highest proportion of scheduled caste population in India according to
5050	2011 Census is :
	a) Himachal Pradesh
	b) Punjab
	c) Bihar
	d) Uttar Pradesh
96.	The south-west region of Punjab has climate conditions:
	a) Semi-and and and
4 5 9	b) Hot and humid
	c) Cool and sub-humid
	d) Cool and cold
0.7	Iravati is the Sanskrit name of
97.	a) Sutlej River:
4	b) Beas
	c) Ravi
	d) Ghaggar

98.	Sukhana	a, Jhagra and Sirsala a	re the tributaries of river	
	a)	Ravi Beas		
		Sutlej		
	d)	Ghaggar		
99.	Nationa	l Highway Number	is from Agra to Muml	bal:
	a)	1		
	p)			
	c) d)	4		
			fladia provides for:	
100.	Article :	21-A of the Constitut Minority rights	ion of India provides for:	
	b)	Abolition of titles		
	c)	Equality before law		
	d)	Right to education		
