1.	 Lifting hook system for a concrete pole of length 4m has to be designed. Ideal positions for hooks in the pole for minimum bending moment distribution is A) One hook at the centre of pole B) Two hooks 0.1m from ends C) Two hooks 0.75m from ends D) Two hooks 1.17 m from centre
2.	Dirac delta function can be used for representing load in the form ofA)Concentrated loadB)C)Uniformly distributed loadD)Uniformly distributed loadD)
3.	A simply supported beam of span L is subjected to two point loads W at quarter span points. The variation of bending moment $\frac{dM}{dx}$ in between the loading points A) WL/4 B) 0 C) Parabolic D) WL/8
4.	 The static indeterminacy of a square truss with two diagonal members and hinged supports is A) Internally indeterminate to 1 B) Externally indeterminate to 1 C) Degree of static indeterminacy is 2 D) All the above
5.	Radius of Mohr circle for strain analysis isA) $\frac{\sigma_1 - \sigma_2}{2}$ B) $\frac{\varepsilon_x - \varepsilon_y}{2}$ C) $\frac{\gamma_{\text{max}}}{2}$ D)None of these
6.	A column of length L is clamped at both ends and held in position. The Euler crippling load is A) $\frac{\pi^2 EI}{L^2}$ B) $\frac{4\pi^2 EI}{L^2}$ C) $\frac{2\pi^2 EI}{L^2}$ D) $\frac{\pi^2 EI}{4L^2}$
7.	A three hinged parabolic arch of span L and rise R is subjected to uniformly distributed load w. The horizontal reaction at the supports is

A) $\frac{wL^2}{8R}$ B) $\frac{wL^2}{8}$

C)
$$\frac{w_{L}}{2}$$
 D) 0

- 8. In a eccentrically loaded column of size 300mm square, the kernel is
 - Rhombus with half diagonal 50mm A)
 - B) Square with half diagonal 25mm
 - Circle of radius 50mm C)
 - D) None of these

9. The ratio of deflection in the mid span of a fixed beam and simply supported beam of same spans and subjected to uniformly distributed load is

A) 5 B) 16 C) 1/16D) 1/5

The slope at the free end of the beam is

10. A cantilever beam of span L is loaded with UDL over half span near fixed support.

A)	$\frac{wL^3}{3EI}$	B)	$\frac{wL^3}{24EI}$
C)	$\frac{wL^3}{48EI}$	D)	None of these

- 11. Muller Breslau principle is used for calculating BMs, SFs and Reaction
 - ILD ordinates of determinate beams only A)
 - B) ILD ordinates of indeterminate beams only
 - C) ILD for both determinate and indeterminate beams
 - All the above D)
- 12. The kinematic indeterminacy of a two storeyed two bay plane frame with fixed base is A

13. Strain energy in torsion in a prismatic member is

A)
$$\int \frac{P^2}{2AE} dx$$
 B) $\int \frac{M^2}{2EI} dx$ C) $\frac{\tau^2}{4G} V$ D) $\int \frac{\tau^2}{4G} dx$

- 14. Virtual work is the work done by a
 - Real force over virtual displacement A)
 - B) Virtual force over virtual displacement
 - C) Real force over real displacement
 - None of these D)
- 15. A portal frame is with equal legs and span length and fixed base. The plastic moment for one column is Mp and for other column and beam is 2Mp. Collapse load from sway mechanism is

A)
$$\frac{4M_p}{L}$$
 B) $\frac{6M_p}{L}$ C) $\frac{8M_p}{L}$ D) $\frac{7M_p}{L}$

The carry over factor for a prismatic member with far end hinged condition is 16. Half A) B) 0 C) 1 D) 2

17. The stiffness influence coefficient for a beam element corresponding to degree of freedom in the axial translation direction is

A)	$\frac{AE}{L}, \frac{-AE}{L}$	B)	$\frac{4EI}{L}, \frac{2EI}{L}$
C)	$\frac{GJ}{L}, \frac{-GJ}{L}$	D)	None of the above

18. A thin cylindrical shell of thickness 10mm and diameter 1m is subjected to internal pressure 1kN/m^2 . Assume E $2.5 \times 10^5 \text{MPa}$ and υ 0.25, longitudinal strain in the shell is

A)	0.02 micro strain	B)	0.01 micro strain
C)	0.05 micro strain	D)	0.03 micro strain

19. Minimum grade of concrete for a liquid retaining structure with capacity $75m^3$ is A) M20 B) M30 C) M35 D) M40

20. Limiting neutral axis depth of a rectangular beam of 300mm×440mm reinforced with 20mm diameter bars Fe500 grade with clear cover 30mm is

- A) 300mm B) 400mm C) 220mm D) 184mm
- 21. Target mean strength of M30 grade concrete with tolerance factor 2 and standard deviation 6 is
 - A)42MPaB)30MPaC)38MPaD)None of the above
- 22. Limiting the deflection including the effects of temperature, creep and shrinkage occurring after erection of partitions and the application of finishes should not exceed
 - A) Span/250 or 20mm which ever is less
 - B) 20mm
 - C) Span/350 or 20mm which ever is less
 - D) Span/250
- 23. The compression development length of 20mm diameter bar for a design bond strength 1.5MPa and Fe250 grade steel stressed to 150MPa is
 - A) 500mm B) 400mm C) 350mm D) 250mm
- 24. Expansion joints in RCC structures must be provided, if the length of structure is more than
 - A) Width B) 25m C) 30mm D) 45m
- 25. The critical section for shear in a slab for a column- slab junction is at a distance equal to
 - A) Effective depth of slab from face of column
 - B) Half effective depth of slab from face of column
 - C) Column width in front
 - D) None of these

26.	shrinl strain	percentage los cage of concre 300 micro stra	te (for	initial p		600M	Pa, Es 2×10	⁵ MPa and	shrinkage
	A)	10%	B)	5%		C)	15%	D)	12%
27.		section in whi ot develop the p Plasic			of resis			uckling is	
28.	tensic	ing slendernes on member is			nember	-	-	-	
	A)	250	B)	300		C)	350	D)	400
29.	-	partial safety fa nit state of stre 1.5		r accom 1.05	panyin	g live l C)	oad in DL+1	LL+CL co D)	ombination 0.53
	Π)	1.5	D)	1.05		0)	1	D)	0.55
30.	-	n strength of a					-		
	A) C)	Yielding of c Block shear	ross sec	ction	B) D)		ection ruptui le above	re	
	0)	DIOCK SHCul			D)				
31.		is the soil trans	ported l	by	D)	TT 7 /			
	A) C)	Wind Glacier			B) D)	Wate	r itational forc	e	
	0)	Oldelei			D)	Glavi		Ċ	
32.	The rates	atio of volume	of void	s to volu	ume of	soil soli	ds in a giver	n soil mass	s is known
	A)	Void ratio	•.		B)	Poros			
	C)	Specific grav	rity		D)	Perce	entage air voi	ids	
33.		ninimum water l of 3mm diam				ust beg	ins to crumb	le when ro	olled into a
	A)	Liquid limit			B)		c limit		
	C)	Shrinkage Li	mit		D)	Plasti	city index		
34.	The n	eutral stress in	a soil n	nass is					
	A)	Force per neu			B)		e per effectiv		
	C)	Stress taken	up by p	ore wate	er D)	Stress	s taken up by	y solid par	ticles
35.	In sec	limentation ana	lysis th	e princij	ple used	1 is			
	A)	Newton's La			B)		y's Law		
	C)	Rebhan's Lav	W		D)	Stoke	e's Law		
36.	Hone	y combed struc	ture is f	found in					
	A)	Gravels			B)		se sands		
	C)	Silts			D)	Clays	5		

37.	 A clay deposit subjected to pressure in the past which is more than the present overburden pressure is called as A) Normally consolidated clay B) Over consolidated clay
	C) Under consolidated clay D) None of these
38.	In a Standard Proctor Compaction test the weight of the rammer is A) 3 Kg B) 2 Kg C) 2.5 Kg D) 3.5 Kg
39.	Vibratory compactors are suitable for compactingA)Granular soilsB)Cohesive soilsC)Viscous soilsD)Rocks
40.	Deviator stress is A) $\sigma_1 + \sigma_3$ B) $\sigma_1 - \sigma_3$ C) $\sigma_3 + \sigma_2$ D) $\sigma_2 - \sigma_3$
41.	 A shear test in which drainage is permitted during the application of normal stress and drainage not permitted during the application of shear stress is called A) Unconsolidated Undrained B) Consolidated Drained C) Consolidated Undrained D) Slow test
42.	 The depth of exploration for isolated spread footings is equal to A) One and a half times the width of foundation B) Two times the width of foundation C) Width of foundation D) Half the width of foundation
43.	The free fall of hammer in a Standard penetration test is equal toA)65 cmB)70 cmC)75 cmD)85 cm
44.	 In Standard Penetration test, N- value is A) Number of blows for the first 15 cm penetration B) Number of blows for the first 30 cm penetration C) Number of blows for 30 cm penetration after the first 15cm penetration D) Number of blows for 30 cm penetration after the first 30cm penetration
45.	At shrinkage limit, the soil isA)DryB)Partially saturatedC)Fully saturatedD)None of these
46.	The condition at which every point in a soil mass is on the verge of failure is calledA)Plastic EquilibriumB)Elastic EquilibriumC)Failure EquilibriumD)Yielding Equilibrium
47.	The centre of critical slip circle in a slope is located byA)Coulomb's methodB)Culmann's graphical methodC)Fellinious directional anglesD)Rebhann's graphical method
48.	General shear failure occurs when the angle of shearing resistance isA)Greater than 36^0 B)Smaller than 25^0 C)Greater than 30^0 D)Greater than 15^0

49.	If the independent spread footings of foundation is called	of two c	olumns are connected by a beam, the
	A) Combined footing	B)	Connected footing
	C) Joined footings	D)	Strap footing
50.	In Engineering News formula the v A) 1.5 B) 2.5	alue of	constant C for a drop hammer is C) 0.25 D) 2.25
51.	Indirect ranging is adopted when th		
	A) Very near to each other	B)	Not intervisible
	C) Intervisible	D)	None of the above
52.	The bearing of a line measured eith or east is called	er from	magnetic north or south towards west
	A) Reduced bearing	B)	Back bearing
	C) Whole circle Bearing	D)	Fore bearing
53.	a station is called		dian and the magnetic meridian through
	A) Reduced bearing	B)	Magnetic declination
	C) Fore bearing	D)	Whole circle bearing
54.	Alidade is used in plane table surve		
	A) Check horizontality of table		Measure angles Measure distances
	C) Sight objects	D)	Measure distances
55.			spect to its vertical axis that all the lines sponding lines on the ground, the plane
	A) Levelled	B)	Corrected
	C) Oriented	D)	Adjusted
56.	In a metric chain tallies are provide		2
	A) Metre length	B)	5 m length
	C) 10 m length	D)	7 m length
57.	A surface perpendicular to the direct	ction of	gravity at all points is called
	A) Level surface	B)	Horizontal surface
	C) Plain surface	D)	Datum surface
58.	Temporary adjustments of a dumpy	v level a	re to be done
	A) During manufacture		
	B) At the time of purchase		
	C) At each setup of the instrum	nent	
	D) During first use only		
59.	The condition in which the image for the cross hairs is called	ormed b	by the object glass is not in the plane of
	A) Focussing error	B)	Collimation error
	C) Refraction error	D)	Parallax

The last staff reading taken after setting up the instrument at a station is called 60.

- A) Fore sight
- Back sight C)
- B) Last sight
 - D) Intermediate sight

Declination

Horizontal axis

Horizontal and vertical angles

- 61. A theodolite is used to measure
 - Bearing of a line A)
 - C) Elevation

Trunnion axis in a theodolite is 62.

A) Vertical axis

C)

Line of sight D) Axis of bubble tube

A curve consisting of two or more simple arcs that turn in the same direction and 63. join at common tangent point is called

B)

D)

B)

- Simple curve **Combined** Curve B) A)
- Reverse curve C) D) Compound curve
- 64. Tangent distance in a curve is
 - Distance between point of curve and point of intersection A)
 - Distance between point of curve and point of tangency B)
 - C) Distance between centre of curve and point of intersection
 - D) Distance between centre of curve and point of tangency
- 65. Point of compound curvature is
 - Point of maximum curvature in a compound curve A)
 - B) Point of minimum curvature in a compound curve
 - C) Meeting point of the two simple arcs forming the compound curve
 - D) Intersection point of the tangents in a compound curve
- 66. In a reverse curve, point of reverse curvature is
 - Starting point of the first simple curve A)
 - B) End point of the second simple curve
 - Common tangent point of the two simple curves C)
 - D) Centre point of the first curve
- A curve of varying radius introduced between a straight line and a circular curve is 67.
 - Easement curve Compound curve A) B) C)
 - Varying curve D) Widening curve

68. Errors which remain after all other errors have been eliminated and are caused by a combination of reasons beyond the ability of the surveyor to control are called as

- Mistakes B) Systematic errors A)
- C) Accidental errors D) Minor errors
- 69. The difference between the most probable value of a quantity and its observed value is
 - A) Most probable error B) Residual error
 - C) True error D) Accidental error

70.	An equation expressing the relation existing between several dependent quantities is
	A)Conditioned equationB)Normal equationC)Observation equationD)Empirical equation
71.	The maximum value of super elevation in plain and rolling terrain is
	A) 7% B) 10% C) 19% D) 8%
72.	The primary aim of providing camber isA)Better appearanceB)Easy drainage
	C) Separation of to and fro traffic D) Road safety
73.	The width of shoulder commonly adopted for two lane roads in India is A) 1.5 m B) 1.2 m C) 2.5 m D) 3 m
74.	As per revised IRC guidelines (IRC 37 - 2001) a flexible pavement has been
/ 1.	designed as a
	 A) Double layered structure B) Three layered structure C) Four layered structure D) Five layered structure
	C) Four layered structure D) Five layered structure
75.	In Burmister's analysis the pavement is considered as a
	A)Single layered systemB)Double layered systemC)Three layered systemD)Four layered system
	c) The hydred system D) Tour hydred system
76.	The temperature at which bitumen gives off vapours which ignite in the presence of a flame but do not continue to burn is
	A) Fire point B) Flash point
	C) Ignition point D) Unstable point
77.	Break point of bitumen is the temperature at which
//.	A) Melting starts B) Vapourising starts
	C) Boiling starts D) Cracking occurs
78.	Bengleman beam measures
	A) Deflections under standard wheel loads
	B) Stresses under standard wheel loads
	C) Crack width under standard wheel loads
	D) Bending moment under standard wheel loads
79.	The rating system for pavements, developed from AASHTO road test, based on measurement of permanent deformation, riding quality, extend of cracking, patching etc. is
	A) Road safety index B) Pavement viability number
	C) Present serviceability index D) Pavement strength index
80.	As per IRC, the shape of warning sign is
	A) Round shape
	B) Square shape
	C) Diamond shapeD) Equilateral triangle with one point upward
	D) Equilateral transfer with the point upward

81.	The pressure in metres of oil (specialA)64B)80	fic gravi	ity 0.8) equivalent to 80 m of water is C) 100 D) 88	
82.	If stream function Ψ = 2xy, then the A) 2 B) 4	velocity	y at a point (1,2) is equal to C) $\sqrt{20}$ D) 16	
83.	 The drag on a very small sphere fall A) Inversely with the velocity B) Directly with the velocity C) As the square root of the velocity D) As the square of the velocity 	locity	a highly viscous fluid varies	
84.	The discharge scale ratio for Froude A) $L_r^{0.5}$ B) L_r^2	e model	law is C) $L_r^{2.5}$ D) L_r^3	
85.	The specific speed of a turbine, hav A) $(N\sqrt{P})/H^{3/2}$ C) $(N\sqrt{P})/H^{3/4}$	ring spee B) D)	ed N, power P and head H, is given by $(N\sqrt{P})/H^{5/4}$ $(N\sqrt{P})/H^{5/2}$	
86.	The flow mass curve is an integral of A) HydrographC) Flow duration curve	curve of B) D)	f Hyetograph S-curve	
87.	For the irrigation of crop, the base metres are related as A) $D=(0.864B)/\Delta$	period B	B in days, duty D in ha/(m ³ /s) and $\Delta = (8.64D)/B$	in
	C) $D = (0.864\Delta)/B$	D)	$\Delta = (8.64B)/D$	
88.	The volume of water that can be exof aquifer material is known asA) Safe yieldC) Specific retention	xtracted B) D)	by force of gravity from a unit volum Specific yield Specific storage	ne
89.	Match the following correctly (a) Khosla's curves (b) L. K. Sherman's theory (c) Horton's method (d) Muskingum method	(ii) flo (iii) ui	filtration capacity ood routing nit hydrograph yeirs and barrages	
	 A) (a)-(iv) (b)-(iii) (c)-(i) (d)-(ii) C) (a)-(iv) (b)-(i) (c)-(ii) (d)-(iii) 		(a)-(i) (b)-(iv) (c)-(ii) (d)-(iii) (a)-(ii) (b)-(iii) (c)-(iv) (d)-(i)	
90.	though it may contain water in its p	ores, is o		en
	A) Aquifer	B)	Aquifuge	

A)AquiferB)AquifugeC)AquitardD)Aquiclude

91.	The surface loading or overflow rate of a sedimentation tank passing a discharge Q and having length L, depth D, width B is given by
	A) Q/(BD) B) Q/(BL) C) QBD D) Q/(BDL)
92.	The maximum permissible limit of fluoride in drinking water should not exceedA)0.5 ppmB)1.5 ppmC)5 ppmD)10 ppm
93.	If the depletion of oxygen is found to be 2 mg/l after incubating 3 ml of sewagediluted to 300 ml, at 20°C for 5 days, then the BOD5 of the sewage would beA)200 mg/lB)300 mg/lC)500 mg/lD)600 mg/l
94.	The sewage treatment unit which works on anaerobic decomposition of organicmatter isA)Septic tankB)Oxidation pondC)Activated sludge plantD)Trickling filter
95.	A polluted stream undergoes self purification in four distinct zones(i) zone of cleaner water(ii) zone of active decomposition(iii) zone of degradation(iv) zone of recovery
	The correct sequence of these zones isA)(iii),(iv),(ii),(i)B)(ii),(iii),(iv),(i)C)(ii),(iv),(iii),(i)D)(iii),(ii),(iv),(i)
96.	Imhoff cone is used to measureA)Total solidsB)Total organic solidsC)Total inorganic solidsD)Settleable solids
97.	Which of the following air pollutants is/are responsible for photochemical smog?(i) oxides of nitrogen(ii) ozone (iii) unburnt hydrocarbons (iv) carbon monoxideA)(i) aloneB)(ii), (iii) and (iv)C)(i) and (iii)D)(i), (iii) and (iv)
98.	 Which among the following is not a primary air pollutant? A) Oxides of nitrogen B) Volatile organic compounds like hydrocarbons C) Suspended particulate matter D) Peroxy Acetyl Nitrate
99.	The liquid that has percolated through the solid waste, and has extracted dissolved or suspended materials from it, is calledA)SewageB)LeachateC)CompostD)Particulate
100.	Noise is measured in terms ofA)Hertz (Hz)B)Decibel (dB)C)Doboson unit (DU)D)None of these