

Sl. No. :

**2013**  
**AYURVEDIC MEDICINE**  
**(Degree Standard)**

Time Allowed : 3 Hours]  
300

[Maximum Marks :

1. The Author of Ashtanga nighantu -

- (A) Kaya deva (B) Madhava kara  
(C) Batha charya (D) Indukara Madhava

2. Tatva Pradeepika is the commentry on -

- (A) Susrutha Samhita (B) Yoga Ratra Kara  
(C) Charaka samhita (D) Astanga Hridayam

3. Khila sthana occurs in which text ?

- (A) Bhava prakasha nighantu (B) Madhava nidanam  
(C) Ashtanga sangraha (D) Kashyapa Samhitha

4. Trividha bhala according to Acharya Charaka are -

- (A) Vathaja, Pittaja, Kaphaja (B) Kostaja, Shakaja, Dhaluja  
(C) Ahara, Vihasa, Oushadha (D) Sahaja, Kalaja, Yukthikrutha

5. Lakshara according to padartha vignana is defined as -

- (A) Uddeshya (B) Asadharana Dharma  
(C) Prameya (D) Pareeksha

6. Akasha maha bhootha is NOT included under bhoutika tatwas according to -

- (A) Jaina darshana (B) Charvaka darshana  
(C) Bhoudha darshana (D) Shoonya vada

7. A plot of land where the night soil is disposed off by burying it in the soil is called -

- (A) Incineration (B) Dumping depot  
(C) Pit latrine (D) Trenching ground

8. Vesavara belongs to -  
(A) Jala Varga (B) Mruga Varga  
(C) Mamsa Varga (D) Ikshu Varga
9. The length of Anjana Shalaka is :  
(A) 10 angulas (B) 11 angulas  
(C) 12 angulas (D) 13 angulas
10. The statement that increased pitta produces pungent, sour and salt tastes in the mouth is according to -  
(A) Acharya Drudabala (B) Acharya Sushrutha  
(C) Sage Kapilabala (D) Acharya Charaka
11. Aarambaka vada is originated by -  
(A) Charaka (B) Susrutha  
(C) Vagbata (D) Kasyapa
12. Findout the "Trieshana" In the following -  
(A) Prana - Oja - Teja (B) Hethu - Lingha - Oushadham  
(C) Dharama - Artha - Kama (D) Prana - Dhana - Paraloka
13. According to "Astanga Hridayam" improper use of 'Curd' leads to :-  
(A) Jvara & Raktapitta (B) Visarpa & Kushta  
(C) Pandu & Bharama (D) All of these
14. The seat of Bhrajaka pitha is :  
(A) Eyes (B) Intestines  
(C) Skin (D) Heart
15. The dosha which helps in perceiving the taste is :  
(A) Bodhaka kapha (B) Pachaka pitha  
(C) Kledaka Kapha (D) Samang Vayu
16. The kshaya, prakopa, prashawana kalas of vatha dosha -  
(A) Greeshma, Varsha, Saradh (B) Varsha, Sarad, Hemnath  
(C) Vasantha, Greeshma, Varsha (D) Sisira, Vasantha, Greeshma

17. Sira is originate from as per Susrutha -

- (A) Vatha-Medho-Sneha-Pitha-Ushna (B) Vatha - Medho - Pitha- Ushna-  
Kapha  
(C) Pitha-Raktha-Sleshma-Vatha-Kapha (D) Sonitha - Kapha - Raktha -  
Meda - Ushna

18. According to Susrutha, name of the 6th layer in skin is :

- (A) Lohitha (B) Swetha  
(C) Rohini (D) Tamra

19. Manipuraka chakra is located in -

- (A) Cervical Region (B) Chest Region  
(C) Umbilical Region (D) Iliac Region

20. The 'Trimarmas' are -

- (A) Shiras , Hrudayam , Vasthi (B) Hrudaya, Nabhi, Vasthi  
(C) Hrudaye, Nabhi, Gudam (D) Siras, Nabhi, Gudam

21. The colour of the fetus is decided by -

- (A) Jala mahabhoota (B) Pruthvi bhoota  
(C) Tejas mahabhoota (D) Akasha mahabhoota

22. The pregnant woman is called "Dowhridini" from the \_\_\_\_\_ month.

- (A) 3rd month (B) 4th month  
(C) 6th month (D) 8th month

23. Who said that the nabhi is the first source for the growth of the foetus ?

- (A) Paarasarya (B) Markandeya  
(C) Sanghya (D) Subuddhi gowthama

24. The seat of Raktha dhara kala -

- (A) Asthi sandhi (B) Bruhat asthi  
(C) Damani (D) Yakruth, Pleeha, Sira

25. Infertility is caused by injury to \_\_\_\_\_ marma.

- (A) Vitapa marma (B) Vidura marma  
(C) Vasthi (D) Oorvi marma

26. The disease occurring in Mamsadhara Twak -

- (A) Arshas (B) Bagandharam  
(C) Both (A) and (B) (D) None of these

27. Madhyama koshta is related to \_\_\_\_\_ dosha.  
 (A) Kapha (B) Pitha  
 (C) Vatha (D) Maha Srothas
28. The principle of 'Eka kala dhatu poshana siddantha' was propounded by -  
 (A) Aruna datta and Charaka (B) Charaka and Sushrutha  
 (C) Chakrapani Datta and Vagbhata (D) Aruna Datta and Dalhana
29. The upadathu of Mamsa dathu -  
 (A) Arthavam (B) Twak  
 (C) Lasika (D) Sthanyam
30. The quantity of Aparaj ojus -  
 (A) 8 (B) 1/2 Anjali  
 (C) 3 Anjali (D) 5 Anjali
31. The main symptoms of Kaphakshayam -  
 (A) Agni Mandyam (B) Brahma  
 (C) Vamanam (D) Hyper Salivation
32. Stanya is the Upadhatu of -  
 (A) Rasa Dhatu (B) Rakta Dhatu  
 (C) Mamsa Dhatu (D) Meda Dhatu
33. Chelating agents are widely used as specific anti dotes against -  
 (A) Rat Bites (B) Some heavy metals  
 (C) Certain plant poisons (D) Insect bites
34. A visha is :  
 (A) Has katu rasa (B) Imbibes the specific taste of the substance in which it exists  
 (C) Lavana Rasa (D) Kashaya Rasa
35. Which of the following is spinal cord poison ?  
 (A) Karaveera (B) Dathura  
 (C) Kuchala (D) Vatsanabha
36. The poison of cobra causes -  
 (A) Vasculo - Toxicity (B) Neuro - Toxicity  
 (C) Renal - Toxicity (D) All of these

37. Which part of Gunja is toxic ?

- (A) Root (B) Leaves  
(C) Seeds (D) Branches

38. Which plant has been included among upvishas ?

- (A) Gunja (B) Vatsanabha  
(C) Kalakoota (D) Kalinga

39. Which among these statement is more accurate - with reference to Ricinus communis poisoning ?

- (A) Broken Seeds are non-poisonous (B) Castor oil is -poisonous  
(C) Press cake of castor seed is poisonous (D) None of these

40. Which of the following is convulsant (Akshepa Janan) ?

- (A) Kupiloo (B) Haritaki  
(C) Jatamamsi (D) Vacha

41. Which of the following Visha is NOT natural ?

- (A) Sthavar Vish (B) Jangam Vish  
(C) Gara vish (D) Maha-vish

42. The toxic dose of Upavisha datura -

- (A) 50 - 75 Seeds (B) 100 -125 Seeds  
(C) 125 - 150 Seeds (D) 150 - 200 Seeds

43. In Sama sannipata Jwara which dosha should be treated first ?

- (A) Vata (B) Pitta  
(C) Kapha (D) All of these

44. Which among following is included in Trirupa of Rajayakshma ?

- (A) Amsa parashva abhitapa (B) Karapada santapa  
(C) Sarvanga Jwara (D) All of these

45. In which type of udara roga, Pandu is an important sign -

- (A) Vatodara (B) Pittodara  
(C) kaphodara (D) Pleehodar

46. Avyakta Roop is the poorva roop of -

- (A) Vata vyadhi (B) Udar Roga  
(C) Pandu Roga (D) Unmad

47. Give the numbers of shooka doshas -

- (A) 6 (B) 8  
(C) 13 (D) 18

48. Find out the mismatched group in the following -

- (A) Vataj , Kaphj - Granthi visarpa (B) Kaph , Pittaj - Granthi visarpa  
(C) Kaph, Pittaj - Kardam visarpa (D) Vata , Pittaj - Agneya visarpa

49. Find out the relation which is wrong.

- (A) Amajirna - Visuchika (B) Vidagdhajirna - Vilambika  
(C) Vishtabdhajirna - Alsaka (D) Ras sheshajirna - Amavata

50. Sapta kalas are -

- (A) Ras, Rakta, Mans, Meda, Asthi, Majja and shukra Dhara (B) Rakta, Mans, Meda, Asthi, Shukra, Oja and mootra Dhara  
(C) Rakta, Mans, Meda, Shleshma, Pitta, Purish and Shukra Dhara (D) Twak, Rakt, Mans, Meda, Purish, Artav and Kapha Dhara

51. Arjuna is a -

- (A) Vatajanya, Rogam (B) Pithajanya Rogam  
(C) Kaphajanya Rogam (D) Rakthajanya Rogam

52. \_\_\_\_\_ causes sarkara.

- (A) Vathajashmari (B) Pithajashmari  
(C) Kaphajasmari (D) Sukhrajasmari

53. The are \_\_\_\_\_ types of Bhagandara.

- (A) 5 (B) 4  
(C) 3 (D) 7

54. Kha vigunya is the \_\_\_\_\_ State of dosha dooshya sammur chana.

- (A) Poor vavastha (B) Paschath avastha  
(C) Immediate (D) None of these

55. Alasam means -

- (A) Amaajeerna (B) Kshudra vyadhi  
(C) Medha vyadi (D) Haleemakam

56. The dominant Dosha in Sheetha pitha -

- (A) Vatham (B) Pitham  
(C) Kapha (D) Raktham

57. According to Susruta ,the types of "Unmada" are -

- (A) 4 (B) 6  
(C) 8 (D) 10

58. Mashi kalpana' mainly indicated by Susruta in -

- (A) Vata vikaras (B) Swasa roga  
(C) Visarpa (D) Romajanana

59. Varidhara test is used for \_\_\_\_\_ yoga.

- (A) Parpati (B) Bhasma  
(C) Sindooram (D) Kajjali

60. Lepas are of 10 types according to -

- (A) Astanga sangraha (B) Charaka Samhitha  
(C) Kaiyadeva nighantu (D) Bhela samhitha

61. The author of 'Rasendramangala' is :

- (A) Charaka (B) Vagbhata  
(C) Nagarjuna (D) Sushrutha

62. Istika Churnam is used for the purification of -

- (A) Parada (B) Bhallathaka  
(C) Parada & Bhallathaka (D) Himgula

63. Which of the following is Adrusyagati of parada ?

- (A) Dhumagati (B) Malagati  
(C) Jalagati (D) Jeevagati

64. Tusha is used as fuel in -

- (A) Mahaputa (B) Kapotaputa  
(C) Ulukalaputa (D) Lavakaputa

65. Nepalika and Mlecha are the types of -

- (A) Naga (B) Vanga  
(C) Loha (D) Tamra

66. Anandha Bhiravarasa is specifically Indicated in -  
(A) Amathisara (B) Tridoshaja Athisara  
(C) Rakthathisara (D) ~~Jwarathisara~~
67. Which parpati is NOT specific for Grahani roga ?  
(A) Rasa parpati (B) Vijai parpati  
(C) Panchamrit Parpati (D) ~~Bola Parpati~~
68. Hinguleshwara rasa is specially indicated in -  
(A) ~~Vataja Jwara~~ (B) Pittaja Jwara  
(C) Kaphaja Jwara (D) Sannipataja Jwara
69. Reserpine was first discovered in the year -  
(A) ~~1951~~ (B) 1952  
(C) 1953 (D) 1954
70. Leaf of Amalaki is :  
(A) ~~Simple leaf~~ (B) Compound Leaf  
(C) Serrated Leaf (D) None of these
71. Which of the following is NOT having lekhana action?  
(A) Vacha (B) Yava  
(C) Madhu (D) ~~None of these~~
72. Danthee seeds are known as -  
(A) Harenuka (B) ~~Jayaphala~~  
(C) Pippali (D) Phalapippali
73. Which one is considered by charaka as the best among Jivaniya Aushadhi is :  
(A) Ghrita (B) ~~Kshira~~  
(C) Dadhi (D) Mantha
74. The main constituent of chyavana prasha is :  
(A) Pippali (B) Ashtavarga  
(C) Dashamula (D) ~~Amalakam~~
75. Choose the most suitable drug to treat Raktapitta -  
(A) Guduchi (B) Ashvagandha  
(C) ~~Vasa~~ (D) Brahmi



76. Which one is used in firanga roga ?

- ~~(A)~~ Chopchini (B) Kabachini  
(C) Dalchini (D) Chinaka

77. Quinine is a drug of -

- (A) Animal origin ~~(B)~~ Plant origin  
(C) Mineral origin (D) None of these

78. The indications of Navayasa churnam -

- (A) Hrud rogam (B) Pandu  
(C) Twak Rogam ~~(D)~~ All of these

79. Rohini is a type of which drug ?

- (A) Vibhi thaki ~~(B)~~ Hari thaki  
(C) Katuki (D) Guduchi

80. Here cold water is contra indicated -

- ~~(A)~~ Hikkha (B) Visha  
(C) Bhrama (D) Madathyaya

81. Upajantha of Rasavaisheshika -

- (A) Rasa vaghbata ~~(B)~~ Bhadantha Nagarjuna  
(C) Sidha nagarjuna (D) None of these

82. As per Susrutha vayu bhootha is more related to -

- (A) Satva ~~(B)~~ Rajas  
(C) Tamas (D) All of these

83. Tantra yukti are mentioned in ayurveda and they are as per -

- ~~(A)~~ Susrutha -32 - Charaka - 36 (B) Susrutha -36 - Charaka - 32  
(C) Susrutha -26 - Charaka - 26 (D) Susrutha -36 - Charaka - 36

84. Atma gunas are -

- (A) Anutvam , Ekatvam ~~(B)~~ Budhi , Prayathnam  
(C) Uha , Vichara (D) Rajas , Tamas

85. The dravya which neutralises all sorts of food poison is ?

- (A) Patala ~~(B)~~ Ajaruha  
(C) Bilwa (D) Kantakari

86. Vanaspathya dravyas ' are those which are derived from -

- (A) Birds ~~(B) Plants having both flowers and fruits~~  
(C) Minerals (D) Plants having only fruits and no flowers

87. Major classification of medicines are in two groups. They are -

- (A) Lekhana - Pachana ~~(B) Sodhana - Samana~~  
(C) Brumhana - Deepana (D) Langhana - Vrushya

88. The following fruits should NOT be eaten before the meals -

- ~~(A) Kadali~~ (B) Dadima  
(C) Karkata (D) Both (A) and (B)

89. Drug of choice in Asthibhagna -

- (A) Pterocarpus marsupium (B) Saraca indica  
~~(C) Cissus quadrangularis~~ (D) Trichodesma indicum

90. Medo Dhatu Kshaya results in -

- (A) Yakrit vriddhi ~~(B) Pleeha vriddhi~~  
(C) Prameha (D) Asthi soola

91. Central Council of Indian medicine was established in -

- (A) 1969 ~~(B) 1971~~  
(C) 1973 (D) 1975

92. Linganasha - which patala is specifically affected ?

- (A) Prathama (B) Dvidiya  
(C) Tritiya ~~(D) Chaturtha~~

93. Dharana Dharma of the body is done by -

- (A) Rakta dhatu (B) Rasa dhatu  
~~(C) Asthi dhatu~~ (D) Mamsa dhatu

94. Nadi pariksha introduced for the first time by -

- (A) Hemadri (B) Sodhala  
~~(C) Sarangadhara~~ (D) Chakrapani

95. Medico - legal autopsy is ordinarily done, on requisition of -

- (A) Superintendent of police ~~(B) Sub - inspector of police~~  
(C) Hospital superintendent (D) Executive magistrate

96. Rasamanikya is prepared from -

- (A) Parada (B) Manikya  
(C) Haritala (D) Hingula

97. Santata jwara is one of the varieties of -

- (A) Seetha Jwara (B) Vishama Jwara  
(C) Agantuja Jwara (D) Sannipatha Jwara

98. The synonym of maricha is :

- (A) Viswa Bhesajam (B) Nagaram  
(C) Trikatuku (D) Dharmapattanam

99. The following yoga contains silajit -

- (A) Arogyavardhini (B) Chandra Prabhavati  
(C) Silajitwadi vati (D) All of these

100. Action of Mareecha as per Sarangdhara samhita -

- (A) Resana (B) Yogavahi  
(C) Pramaadhi (D) Vyavayi karma

101. Important benefit of treatment is :

- (A) Mala dodhanam (B) Dhatu samyam  
(C) Dosha vrudhy (D) Srotho sodhanam

102. The stage in which raktha moksham is stated in Jwaram is \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) Sanni patha jwaram (B) Vatha kapha jwaram  
(C) When seetha, rooksha, snighdha and usna guna applications fail in jwaram (D) None of these

103. The best sama dravya in 'jeerna jwara' is :

- (A) Jala (B) Ksheera  
(C) Taila (D) Madhu

104. Statement (A) Laghanam should be applied in the first stage of Amavatham Reason (R) decreases Amam

- (A) Both are right (R) Reason is correct (B) Both are right (R) Reason is not correct  
(C) (A) Right (R) Wrong (D) (A) Wrong (R) Wrong

105. Varjya Switra Lakshanas -

- (A) Anagni Dhagaja  
(C) Achirandhanam  
(B) Guhya jatam  
(D) All of these

106. Manidharana belongs to which type of treatment ?

- (A) Yakthi vyapashraya  
(C) Satvavajaya  
(B) Deiva Vyapashraya  
(D) All of these

107. Best kushtahara dravya is :

- (A) Nimba  
(C) Aragvada  
(B) Vidanga  
(D) Khadira

108. Treatment to be given in Athisara -

- (A) Stampana  
(C) Both (A) and (B)  
(B) Apatarpana  
(D) None of these

109. Vidaryadhy ghrutham is indicated in \_\_\_\_\_ .

- (A) Vatha kasam  
(C) Kapha kasam  
(B) Pitta kasam  
(D) Sannipatha kasam

110. The arsas which appear on the skin is \_\_\_\_\_ .

- (A) Granthi  
(C) Charmakeela  
(B) Chipya  
(D) Kadara

111. Statement (A) Nitya virechanam is good in Udara rogam

Reason (R) Accumulation of doshas in Udara is the cause for Udara

- (A) Both are right (R) Reason is correct  
(B) Both are Right (R) Reason is not Correct  
(C) (A) Right (R) Wrong  
(D) (A) Wrong (R) Right

112. Neelika is \_\_\_\_\_ .

- (A) Kshudra Kushtam  
(C) Maha kushtam  
(B) Pra meha pidaka  
(D) Kshudra rogam

113. Takrarishtam is used in \_\_\_\_\_ disease.

- (A) Arsas  
(C) Pandu  
(B) Utavartham  
(D) Amlapittam

114. Milk is indicated in Madathiyas because -

- (A) As it is Jeevanam (B) As it is Vathapittaharam  
(C) As it engenders ojas (D) None of these

115. \_\_\_\_\_ is one of the best ghrutham in apasmara.

- (A) Bhrami ghrutham (B) Amurtha prasa ghrutham  
(C) Kooshmanda ghrutham (D) Indukantha ghrutham

116. Bola parpati is prescribed in \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) Raktha pittam (B) Jwaram  
(C) Raktha pradaram (D) Both (A) and (B)

117. Avipathikara choornam is one of the best medicine for \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) Raja yakshma (B) Amla pitta  
(C) Pakwadhi saram (D) None of these

118. In accordance with susruta, stoulyam and karsyam are the afflictions of \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) Rasa dhatu (B) Raktha Dhatu  
(C) Mamsa Dhatu (D) Medo Dhatu

119. The number of Anuvasana vasthyas mentioned in Kalavasthy is \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) 18 (B) 9  
(C) 3 (D) 5

120. The best anupanam for snehapanam is \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) Mandam (B) Yoosham  
(C) Ushna Jalam (D) Vilepi

121. According to Charaka, the types of vasthy are -

- (A) 2 (B) 3  
(C) 4 (D) 5

122. The action of Upanaha Swedam is \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) Jridosha samakam (B) Vathaghnam  
(C) Pittaghnam (D) Kaphaghnam

123. Theekshna anjanam should NOT be done during \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) Day time (B) Night Time  
(C) Both day and night (D) Where there is sunlight

124. How many types of bala avastha are there?

- (A) 3  (B) 4  
 (C) 5  (D) 8

125. The medicine used in new born child -

- (A) Pancha guna thailam  (B) Jatiadhy thailam  
 (C) Arimedathi thailam  (D) Bala thailam

126. The asadhya varieties of disease said in yoni roga are -

- (A) Shandini and Andali  (B) Vipplutha and Pariplutha  
 (C) Acharana and Athicharana  (D) All of these

127. Statement (A) : Ghee is the best substance for Sneha panam

Reason ( R ) : As it has got Samskara anuvartanam quality

- (A) Both are right ( R ) Correct answer  (B) Both are Right ( R ) is not correct  
 (C) (A) Right ( R ) Wrong  (D) (A) Wrong ( R ) Right

128. When does the ojas appear in the foetus ?

- (A) 6th month  (B) 7th month  
 (C) 8th month  (D) During delivery

129. The reason for bleeding of gums is :

- (A) Carotamalacia  (B) Rickets  
 (C) Scurvy  (D) Tuberculosis

130. How many Balagrahas have been told by Sushrutha ?

- (A) 5  (B) 7  
 (C) 8  (D) 9

131. The reason for Sadya vranam is \_\_\_\_\_ .

- (A) Vatha  (B) Pitta  
 (C) Kapha  (D) Sastra

132. The important yantram is \_\_\_\_\_ .

- (A) Vasthy  (B) Svasthika  
 (C) Thala  (D) Hastha

133. The reason for Unmargi Bhagandharam is \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) Vatha Prakopam (B) Pilita Prakopam  
(C) Kapha Prakopam (D) The bones ingested gets obstructed at the rectum
134. Puyam, Dushta raktha, Chirasthithi are seen in which type of vrana ?  
(A) Dushta vrana (B) Sadhya vrana  
(C) Agantuja vrana (D) None of these
135. The type of bandha to be used is on the head -  
(A) Pratoli (B) Swasthika  
(C) Vidanam (D) Kosham
136. The dosha and dushuya aggravating in gulma -  
(A) Vatha pitha Rasa (B) Vatha pitha Kapha  
(C) Tridosha Raktha mamsa (D) Pitha Rasa Raktha
137. \_\_\_\_\_ number of vrana bandhas are said by Susruta.  
(A) 11 (B) 12  
(C) 14 (D) 15
138. Nimbady Choornam is applied in \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) Kushtam (B) Swithram  
(C) Visarpam (D) Valmeekam
139. Bala is known as -  
(A) Exercise (B) Body strength  
(C) Hair (D) Cedrus cordifolia
140. Sangraha grahani can be treated with -  
(A) Hamsa pottali rasa (B) Panchamrutha parpaty rasa  
(C) Kravyatha rasa (D) Leelavilasa rasa
141. In "Sannipatha jwaram" \_\_\_\_\_ single drug can be given.  
(A) Pippali (B) Gudoochy  
(C) Vishnakranthi (D) Ativisha

142. Indbukantha ghritam is for -

- (A) Vatha sonitha  
(C) Kushta  
(B) Visarpa  
(D) Vatha vyady

143. This karmam should be done in Kaphadisaram -

- (A) Sthambanam  
(C) Amapachanam  
(B) Samgrahi  
(D) None of these

144. Dugdhavti is indicated in -

- (A) Sodha Roga  
(C) Pitha Roga  
(B) Vatha Roga  
(D) Kapha Roga

145. Vrusha gritham is mentioned in \_\_\_\_\_ Rogam.

- (A) Pittaja gulmam  
(C) Jwaram  
(B) Timira  
(D) Kaamala

146. Samanavayu plays an important role in -

- (A) Formation of blood  
(C) Urine formation  
(B) Body metabolism  
(D) All of these

147. Taking medicine oushadha in the middle of the meal is :

- (A) Madhyabhaktha  
(C) Grasanthara  
(B) Samudgha  
(D) Adobhaktha

148. \_\_\_\_\_ is NOT mentioned in swasa chikitsa.

- (A) Sveda Karmam  
(C) Shodana vasthy  
(B) Sneha vasthy  
(D) Samana Karmam

149. Kalyanaka gritham is good for which disease ?

- (A) Jwaram  
(C) Krimi  
(B) Kamala  
(D) Udaram

150. In Prameha pidaka \_\_\_\_ is good .

- (A) Shamanam is good  
(C) Shopha chikitsa is good  
(B) Vrana chikitsa is good  
(D) Thikshna shodana is good

151. Kandaras are the upadhatu of -

- (A) Rasa dhatu  
(C) Medho dhatu  
(B) Mamsa dhatu  
(D) Raktha dhatu



152. Narikela Lavana is useful in all kypes of -

- (A) Arshas (B) Chardhi  
(C) Kusta roga (D) Parinama shoola

153. Embryo in first month is known as -

- (A) Pinda (B) Arbuda  
(C) Pesi (D) Kalala

154. In which disease treatment 'Dhanwanthara Gritham' is explained ?

- (A) Yatham (B) Moothragatha  
(C) Prameham (D) Pandu

155. According to Susrutha the Menstruation age is :

- (A) 12 to 50 yrs (B) 12 to 24 yrs  
(C) 10 to 40 yrs (D) 20 to 40 yrs

156. The "Makkala" is -

- (A) Post delivery pain, due to blood getting obstructed due to vayu (B) Retained Placenta  
(C) Prolapsed uterus (D) None of these

157. For the effect of Vajeekarana, the seed of bhruhat karanja filled with mercury and covered with gold is :

- (A) Applied as a paste to the sole of the foot (B) Kept in the penis  
(C) Kept in the mouth (D) Pasted over the umbilicus

158. A paste of kusumbha thaila mixed with \_\_\_\_ is pasted on the sole of the feet to retain semen.

- (A) Powdered earthworm (B) Powdered gokshira  
(C) Cow's urine (D) Boar's fat

159. Anyathovatha is a -

- (A) Shiro roga (B) Dauta Roga  
(C) Karna Roga (D) Nekra Roga

160. The distance between karna and apanga is :

- (A) 10 Angulas (B) 5 Angulas  
(C) 4 Angulas (D) 6 Angulas

161. Sira vyadha is done either four angulas above or below the knee joint in -

- (A) Krostuka sheersha (B) Pleehodara  
(C) Udara shoola (D) Griddrasi

162. The shastra which has 8 spiked faces and used to release the accumulated blood inside the nose is called -

- (A) Khaja Shastra (B) Suchi Shastra  
(C) Esani (D) Ara

163. According to Astanga sangraha, the most important yantra is :

- (A) Salaka yantra (B) Kankamukha yantra  
(C) Tala yantra (D) Nadee yantra

164. Which of these following statements are true ?

**Carmadala :**

- (A) Has not been described by Charaka, Susrutha and Vagbhata (B) It appears only in children who consume milk  
(C) It is of 4 types (D) All of these

165. Purgation of the oushadha dravyas during the process of vamana is a -

- (A) Samyak yoga lakshana (B) Heena yoga lakshana  
(C) Athi yoga lakshana (D) Mithya yoga lakshana

166. The patient can be subjected to virechana daily in \_\_\_\_\_ rogas.

- (A) Kanta roga (B) Udara  
(C) Pravahika (D) Mootra krichra

167. Choorna nasya used for causing purgation is known as -

- (A) Avapidaka nasya (B) Pradhamana nasya  
(C) Marsha nasya (D) Prathimarsha nasya

168. Ardhamatrika bhasthi -

- (A) Is done on the lines of sneha bhasthi (B) Is almost the same as karhaya bhasthi  
(C) Does not require 'Poorva Karmas' and food restrictions (D) Both (B) and (C)

169. The bhasthi which produces enlargement of the abdomen and results in mild increase of doshas is :

- (A) Uttara Bhasthi (B) Lckhana Bhasthi  
(C) Sneha Bhasthi (D) Bhrumhana Bhasthi

170. According to acharya charaka, the shad upakramas are -
- |   |  |
|---|--|
| (A) Shamana , Stambana, Chedana,<br>Seevana, Swedana and Snehana                | (B) Langhana , Lekhana , Bhedana,<br>Bhrimhana, Snehana and<br>Swedana |
| <del>(C)</del> Langhana, Bhrimhana, rookshana,<br>Snehana, Swedana and Stambana | (D) Snehana, Swedana, Vamana,<br>Virechana, Rasya and Stambana         |
171. Wrist drop is associated with -
- |                                   |                          |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|
| (A) Median nerve palsy            | (B) Axillary nerve palsy |
| <del>(C)</del> Radial nerve palsy | (D) Ulnar nerve palsy    |
172. Gastrinoma is equated with -
- |                                |                 |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|
| <del>(A)</del> Bhasmaka vyadhi | (B) Amla pitta  |
| (C) Chardhi                    | (D) Vishoochika |
173. The best shamana dravya for pitta vikaras is :
- |           |                        |
|-----------|------------------------|
| (A) Madhu | <del>(B)</del> Ghritha |
| (C) Taila | (D) Virechana          |
174. The best drug to be used in 'Gandamala' is :
- |                           |              |
|---------------------------|--------------|
| <del>(A)</del> Kanchanara | (B) Gokshura |
| (C) Amalaki               | (D) Haridra  |
175. An ideal drink to relieve pain in the abdomen is :
- |                        |                                      |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| (A) Takra with thailas | (B) Ksheera with yavakshara          |
| (C) Dadhi with ghritha | <del>(D)</del> Takra with yavakshara |
176. According to Acharya Kashyapa the important chikitsa for 'Arakilika' is :
- |                             |              |
|-----------------------------|--------------|
| <del>(A)</del> Kshara karma | (B) Swedhana |
| (C) Vasthi                  | (D) Vamana   |
177. The Indication of "Mayura ghritha" is :
- |                          |                |
|--------------------------|----------------|
| (A) Mukha roga           | (B) Netra roga |
| <del>(C)</del> Siro roga | (D) Karna roga |
178. Deepta Roga is a -
- |                |                          |
|----------------|--------------------------|
| (A) Karna roga | (B) Dontamulagatha roga  |
| (C) Netra roga | <del>(D)</del> Nasa roga |

179. The indication of Pitaka churna is :

- (A) Mukha roga (B) Siro roga  
(C) Nasa roga (D) Karna Roga

180. According to Charaka , dosa in "Sankhaka" are -

- (A) Vata + kapha + raktha (B) Vata + Pitta + Raktha  
(C) Kapha + Pitta + Raktha (D) Vata + Pitta + Kapha

181. According to Astanga Hrudayam, the measurement of 'Danta dhavana kurcha' -

- (A) 10 Angulas (B) 12 Angulas  
(C) 8 Angulas (D) 11 Angulas

182. Kshara Paayana Should be performed for -

- (A) Sirovedha (B) Mamsa Chedana  
(C) Asthichedana (D) All of these

183. If constipation occurs in vatika sodha the treatment will be -

- (A) Sneha virechana (B) Niraha vasty  
(C) Anuvasana vasthy (D) None of these

184. Which of one following is medhya ?

- (A) Mandooka parni (B) Guduchi  
(C) Madu yashti (D) All of these

185. The phalaprasana period, according to Kasyapa is :

- (A) 4th month (B) 6th month  
(C) 8th month (D) 10th month

186. Susrutha has explained \_\_\_\_\_ number of treatments in vrana roga.

- (A) 60 (B) 7  
(C) 50 (D) 25

187. Charaka explains \_\_\_\_\_ types of Stanya Dushti.

- (A) 6 (B) 7  
(C) 8 (D) 9

188. How many types of eye diseases can be cured by Lekhana karma ?

- (A) 9 (B) 11  
(C) 5 (D) 7

189. In \_\_\_\_\_ Arma disease occurs.

- (A) I Patala (B) III Patala  
(C) IV Patala (D) None of these

190. \_\_\_\_\_ nasal diseases are there

- (A) 17 (B) 31  
(C) 21 (D) 41

191. The other name of 'Budbuda' is \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) Netra (B) Pakshma  
(C) Drushty (D) Patala

192. Which of the anjana can be used daily?

- (A) Pushpanjanam (B) Sowveerjanam  
(C) Rasanjanam (D) Neeljanam

193. Which are the doshas innolved in 'Apeenasam'?

- (A) Vatha and Kapha (B) Vatha and Pitta  
(C) Pitta and Kapha (D) Thridosham

194. Anantha vatham is the disease of -

- (A) Vata vyadhi (B) Eye  
(C) Head (D) Nose

195. Deepika thailam is used for \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) Karna soolam (B) Sira soolam  
(C) Eye disease (D) All of these

196. The disease in which vilwa thailam is being used is \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) Netra rogam (B) Mukha rogam  
(C) Karma rogam (D) Kanta Rogam

197. At all times the ghee can be taken except one. Name that.

- (A) Navaprathi sayam (B) Peenasa rogam  
(C) Dushta Prathisayam (D) None of these

198. In Abhyantara Raktha Vidhradi, which of the following statement is NOT true?

- (A) Disease occuring in males (B) Disease occuring in abdomen  
(C) The other name is makkallam and thus occuring in women only (D) Thirst and fever are the symptoms

199. How many are the types of Arbuda ?

(A) 8

~~(B) 6~~

(C) 4

(D) 3

200. Which one of the symptom is NOT found in Sandhi muktha and Kanda bagnam ?

~~(A) Sound~~

(B) Pain

(C) Tenderness

(D) Swelling